and drink something sugary quickly.

If you have diabetes and are taking medication so that they can recognize the symptoms of hypoglycaemia and help if necessary.

You should do if it happens. It is important that relatives and close work mates know that

Ask your doctor for more information about the symptoms of hypoglycaemia and what medicines used to treat heart conditions such as ACE inhibitors or beta-blockers

• Medicines used to treat arthritis e.g. cyclophosphamide, phenylbutazone

• Medicines used for stomach ulcers and dyspepsia e.g. cimetidine, ranitidine

• Drugs for diabetes and gout e.g. sulphinpyrazone

• Medicines used to treat high blood pressure e.g. chlorthalidone, hydrochlorothiazide

• Beta-blockers e.g. propranolol

• Oral contraceptives containing oestrogen

• Corticosteroids

• Antidepressants e.g. MAOIs, nortriptyline

• Drugs for organ transplant e.g. cyclosporin, azathioprine

• Insulin

• Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs e.g. ibuprofen

• Anticoagulants

• Cholesterol lowering agents e.g. clofibrate

• Medicines used to treat depression.

• Medicines for treating bacterial infections e.g. penicillins, tetracyclines

• Medicines used to treat colds and coughs e.g. decongestants, antihistamines

• Antihistamines e.g. chlorpheniramine

• Beta-blockers e.g. propranolol

• Oral contraceptives containing oestrogen

• Antihistamines e.g. chlorpheniramine

• Antiviral e.g. acyclovir

• Antioxidants e.g. LipoSom

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Warning: Do not take Liamid Tablets if you:

• If you get any side effects talk to your doctor or pharmacist or nurse. This includes

• If you have type 1 diabetes or if you need to take insulin injections, which are prescribed as part of your diabetes treatment.

• If you have diabetes and you are over 70 years.

• If you are over 70 or if you have heart disease.

• If you have severe kidney disease.

• If you are pregnant, after delivery of your baby glibenclamide therapy may be started

• If you are planning to become pregnant. Liamid Tablets contain an active ingredient Glibenclamide. Glibenclamide belongs to a group of therapeutic medicines called sulphonylureas which are used for lowering your blood sugar. Liamid Tablets are used for treatment of patients with Type ll maturity onset non-insulin dependent diabetes that do not respond to diet changes alone.

• If you are breastfeeding.

• If you have type 1/juvenile diabetes or your diabetes is not stabilized

• If you have severe liver or kidney disease

• If you have severe thyroid or adrenal gland problems

• If you have insulin dependent diabetes that do not respond to diet changes alone.

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This medicine should be taken at regular intervals, as determined by the physician. If you forget to take a dose, take it as soon as you remember, with your next meal. Do not take a double dose to make up for any missed doses. If you overdose, seek immediate medical advice by contacting your doctor or the nearest hospital casualty department. Take your tablet pack with you. Low blood sugar (hypoglycaemia) may be treated in the conscious patient by administration of glucose or 3 or 4 lumps of table sugar in water. If the patient is comatose, glucose can be administered as an intravenous infusion.

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any unwanted effects even if you consider them mild.

If you stop taking Liamid Tablets

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use your medicine after the expiry date shown on the label.

The expiry date refers to the last day of the month.

These tablets should not be stored above 25°C and should be kept in their original container to protect from light and moisture.

Do not use Liamid Tablets if the tablets have changed in any way. If the medicine does not look like your tablets, do not use it.

If you accidentally take too many Liamid Tablets seek immediate medical advice by contacting your doctor or the nearest hospital casualty department. Take your tablet pack with you.

Patients changing from biguanides: Glibenclamide treatment should be started with 2.5mg of glibenclamide and biguanide withdrawn. The dosage should then be adjusted by increments of 2.5mg to achieve control.

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