1. What Rifadin 150mg Capsules are and what they are used for

Rifadin 150mg Capsules contain a medicine called rifampicin. It belongs to a group of medicine called rifamycins. Rifampicin is used to treat the following infections:

• Tuberculosis (also known as TB) alongside other medicines
• Leprosy alongside other medicines
• Tuberculosis (also known as TB) alongside other medicines

2. What you need to know before you take Rifadin 150mg Capsules

You should not take Rifadin 150mg Capsules if:

• You have an allergic reaction to rifampicin or any other medicine in this capsule
• You have liver problems
• You have diabetes. Your diabetes may become more difficult to control
• You have leukaemia.
• You have a problem with bleeding or a tendency to bruise easily

Your doctor or pharmacist will advise you on what type of contraception to use during treatment. Rifadin 150mg Capsules make all your body fluids an orange or red colour. This can make it difficult to tell if you are bleeding. It may also stain soft contact lenses.

3. How to take Rifadin 150mg Capsules

Take Rifadin 150mg Capsules on an empty stomach. This means at least 30 minutes before food or 2 hours after food. Rifadin 150mg Capsules make all your body fluids an orange or red colour.

4. Possible side effects

Rifadin 150mg Capsules can cause a number of side effects. If one of your side effects gets serious, or if you notice any of the side effects below, talk to your doctor.

5. How Rifadin 150mg Capsules work

Rifadin 150mg Capsules contain a medicine called rifampicin. It belongs to a group of medicine called rifamycins. Rifampicin is used to treat the following infections:

• Tuberculosis (also known as TB) alongside other medicines
• Leprosy alongside other medicines
• Tuberculosis (also known as TB) alongside other medicines

• Rifadin 150mg Capsules can also be used to stop the following infections:

• Other serious bacterial infections
• Legionnaires Diseases alongside other medicines
• Meningitis
• Other bacterial meningitis

6. How to stop taking Rifadin 150mg Capsules

You should not stop taking Rifadin 150mg Capsules, unless your doctor tells you to.

7. Rifadin 150mg Capsules and other medicines

Rifadin 150mg Capsules work in the way some other medicines work. Also some medicines can affect the way Rifadin 150mg Capsules work. Rifadin 150mg Capsules can affect the way other medicines work.

8. Instructions for disposal

Take special care with Rifadin 150mg Capsules

• Rifadin 150mg Capsules can make all your body fluids an orange or red colour. This can make it difficult to tell if you are bleeding.

• Rifadin 150mg Capsules can stain soft contact lenses

• Rifadin 150mg Capsules can affect the way other medicines work.

9. Brand information

You can feel confident that you are taking Rifadin 150mg Capsules. Zentiva has a number of measures in place to make sure that Rifadin 150mg Capsules are of high quality and meet all the required standards. Rifadin 150mg Capsules are used to treat the following infections:

• Tuberculosis (also known as TB) alongside other medicines
• Leprosy alongside other medicines
• Tuberculosis (also known as TB) alongside other medicines

10. Further information

You should not breast-feed if you are taking Rifadin 150mg Capsules. This means at least 8 months after treatment initiation depending on the condition.

• Rifadin 150mg Capsules and contact your doctor or seek medical attention

11. Driving and using machines

You may feel drowsy, tired or light-headed. These problems with vision or feel off side effects that could affect your ability to drive while taking this medicine. If the symptoms do not clear up or are very disturbing, talk to your doctor.
Take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. You should check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

Keep taking this medicine if you are told to do so by your doctor. If you stop taking it you will not benefit from it and your infection may get worse.

Always take Rifadin 150mg Capsules exactly as your doctor has told you. You should check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

• Adults: 600mg twice each day for two days
• The usual dose is:
  • Adults: 600mg to 1200mg each day. The dose is given in 2 to 4 divided doses
• Patients weighing less than 50kg: A single daily dose of 450mg

Tuberculosis (TB)
• Take at least 30 minutes before a meal or 2 hours after a meal.
• Swallow the capsules whole, with a drink of water
• Do not break, crush or chew the capsules

How to take the capsules
• Take your capsules by mouth.
• Swallow the capsules after a meal, with a drink of water.

Side effects
You should not be given more than 600mg of Rifadin 150mg Capsules each day.

If you take more Rifadin 150mg Capsules than you should
If you take more Rifadin 150mg Capsules than you should do not take any more capsules.

If you forget to take Rifadin 150mg Capsules
If you miss a dose, take it as soon as you remember. If it is almost time for your next dose, skip the missed dose and continue with your regular dosing schedule. Do not take a double dose to make up for the forgotten dose.

If you take Rifadin 150mg Capsules after the expiry date
If you take Rifadin 150mg Capsules after the expiry date do not take any more capsules.

Do not stop and start taking the capsules. This may increase the risk of side effects. The capsules may not work as well if you stop taking them.

If you stop taking Rifadin 150mg Capsules just because you feel better. If you stop, your infection may get worse.

How to report side effects
If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any side effects that are not listed in this leaflet. They may be serious side effects. Some side effects may be long lasting.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if any of the following side effects get serious or occur: Your doctor may need to monitor you more closely.

If you stop taking Rifadin 150mg Capsules
Tell your doctor or pharmacist if any of the following side effects get serious or occur:

• You have a skin rash that is spread out over your body, in a particular area, or in a group of patches. This is called 'pseudotuberculosis'.

• You have an allergic reaction. The signs may include: a rash, swelling or inflammation of the mouth, eyes, nose or throat, difficulty in swallowing or breathing, extreme anxiety, speech problems, confusion, fever, shivering, sweating, drowsiness.

• You develop a severe headache or feelBadge

• You have a blood test, it is important to tell your doctor that you are taking Rifadin 150mg Capsules. This is so the doctor knows what you have taken.

• You have an allergic reaction. The signs may include: a rash, swelling or inflammation of the mouth, eyes, nose or throat, difficulty in swallowing or breathing, extreme anxiety, speech problems, confusion, fever, shivering, sweating, drowsiness.

• You develop a severe headache or feel

• You have chills, tiredness, unusually pale skin colour, shortness of breath, difficult or laboured breathing.

• You have an allergic reaction. The signs may include: a rash, swelling or inflammation of the mouth, eyes, nose or throat, difficulty in swallowing or breathing, extreme anxiety, speech problems, confusion, fever, shivering, sweating, drowsiness.

• You develop a severe headache or feel

• You have an allergic reaction. The signs may include: a rash, swelling or inflammation of the mouth, eyes, nose or throat, difficulty in swallowing or breathing, extreme anxiety, speech problems, confusion, fever, shivering, sweating, drowsiness.

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• You have an allergic reaction. The signs may include: a rash, swelling or inflammation of the mouth, eyes, nose or throat, difficulty in swallowing or breathing, extreme anxiety, speech problems, confusion, fever, shivering, sweating, drowsiness.

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• You have an allergic reaction. The signs may include: a rash, swelling or inflammation of the mouth, eyes, nose or throat, difficulty in swallowing or breathing, extreme anxiety, speech problems, confusion, fever, shivering, sweating, drowsiness.