



PACKAGE LEAFLET: INFORMATION FOR THE USER
Cefalexin 125mg/5ml Powder for Oral Suspension
Cefalexin 250mg/5ml Powder for Oral Suspension
(cefalexin)

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet:

1. What Cefalexin Oral Suspension is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take Cefalexin Oral Suspension
3. How to take Cefalexin Oral Suspension
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Cefalexin Oral Suspension
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. WHAT CEFALOXIN ORAL SUSPENSION IS AND WHAT IT IS USED FOR

Cefalexin Oral Suspension contain cefalexin as the active ingredient, which belongs to a class of antibiotics called 'cephalosporins'.

Cefalexin Oral Suspension is used to treat following infections caused by bacteria that can be killed by cefalexin:

- Respiratory tract (lung and airways) e.g. tonsillitis, pharyngitis and bronchitis
- Middle ear infections (otitis media)
- Skin and soft tissue (e.g. muscle) infections
- Bone and joint infections
- Infections of the reproductive organs and urinary tract (e.g. cystitis), including acute inflammation of the prostate gland (prostatitis)
- Dental infections.

2. WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW BEFORE YOU TAKE CEFALOXIN ORAL SUSPENSION

Do not take Cefalexin Oral Suspension if you:

- Are allergic (hypersensitive) to cefalexin, other cephalosporins (similar antibiotics) or penicillin group of antibiotics, or to any of the ingredients in the product (see Section 6 and end of Section 2). An allergic reaction may include rash, itching, difficulty breathing or swelling of the face, lips, throat or tongue.
- Have porphyria; a hereditary metabolic disorder.

Tell your doctor before taking Cefalexin:

- If you have ever developed a severe skin rash or skin peeling, blistering and/or mouth sores after taking cefalexin or other antibacterials.

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking Cefalexin Oral Suspension if you:

- Have had allergic reaction to cefalexin, cephalosporins, penicillins or other drugs in the past
- Have a severe kidney disorder (you may need reduced dose)
- Develop diarrhoea. This could be symptom of the inflammation of the large intestine. Other symptoms include pain and fever.

Tell your doctor if you are having blood and urine tests. Cefalexin Oral Suspension may interfere with these tests.

Take special care with Cefalexin:

Acute generalised exanthematous (AGEP) has been reported with the use of cefalexin. AGEP appears at the initiation of treatment as a red, scaly widespread rash with bumps under the skin and blisters accompanied by fever. The most common location: mainly localised on the skin folds, trunk, and upper extremities. The highest risk of occurrence of this serious skin skin reaction is within the first week of treatment. If you develop a serious skin rash or another of these skin symptoms, stop taking cefalexin and contact your doctor or seek medical attention immediately.

Other medicines and Cefalexin Oral Suspension

Please tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking or have recently taken, or might take any other medicines. This includes medicines you buy without a prescription.

In particular, tell your doctor if you are taking any of the following

- other antibiotics, especially amphotericin, capreomycin, vancomycin, gentamicin or neomycin
- diuretics (water tablets) such as furosemide, bumetanide
- probenecid for a treatment of gout
- metformin for treatment of diabetes
- drugs used to treat leukemia

It may be still be all right for you to be given Cefalexin Capsules and your doctor will be able to decide what is suitable for you.

Cefalexin Oral Suspension with food and drink

This suspension may be taken before, during or after your meals.

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.

Driving and using machines

Cefalexin Oral Suspension is not expected to affect your ability to drive or operate machinery.

Cefalexin Oral Suspension contains Sorbitol and Sodium

Sorbitol - If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicinal product. Sorbitol may have a mild laxative effect. Calorific value of sorbitol is 2.6 kcal/g. One dose of the Cefalexin suspension contains 900mg of sorbitol

Sodium - This medicinal product contains 3.38 mg sodium per dose. To be taken into consideration by patients on a controlled sodium diet

3. HOW TO TAKE CEFALOXIN ORAL SUSPENSION

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

Your pharmacist should make up the suspension before you are given it.

The suspension is prepared in 87 ml of potable water and shaken until powder is dissolved. The reconstituted solution may be further diluted with sorbitol solution BP, syrup BP or purified water if required.

Dosage

Adults and the elderly

The usual total daily dose is 1- 4 g orally, in divided doses.

- Most infections can be treated by 500 mg every 8 hours. For skin and soft tissue infections, sore throat (streptococcal pharyngitis), and mild, uncomplicated urinary tract infections, the usual dose is 250 mg every 6 hours, or 500mg every 12 hours.
- For more severe infections, larger doses may be needed. A reduced dose is needed for patients with severe kidney disorders.

Use in children

The usual total daily dose for children is 25-50 mg/kg (body weight) in divided doses.

- For skin and soft tissue infections, sore throat, and mild, uncomplicated urinary tract

Artwork Same Size
Size : 280 x 240 mm

kaypee design
(kaypeedesign@gmail.com)
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infections, the total daily dose may be divided and administered every 12 hours.
For most infections the following schedule is suggested:
Children under 5 years: 125 mg every 8 hours.
Children 5 years and over: 250 mg every 8 hours.
In severe infections, the dose may be doubled. In the treatment of middle ear infections, a total daily dose of 75 to 100mg/kg in 4 doses is required.
If you have any further questions on the use of this product, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
Take **all the suspension** your doctor has given you. **Do not stop taking** them, even if you feel better

If you take more Cefalexin Oral Suspension than you should

Contact your doctor or nearest hospital casualty department if you or a child have swallowed too much medicine. Take this leaflet and any remaining suspension with you, if possible. Symptoms of overdose include nausea, vomiting, stomach upset, appearance of blood in the urine.

If you forget to take Cefalexin Oral Suspension

If you miss a dose, take the suspension as soon as you remember. If it is almost time to take the next dose, wait until then and then carry on as before. Do not take a double dose to make up for the forgotten dose.
If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS

Like all medicines, Cefalexin Oral Suspension can cause side effects, although not everyone gets them.

Tell your doctor immediately if you get any sudden wheeziness, difficulty in breathing, swelling of the eyelids, face or lips, rash or itching (especially affecting your whole body). These are the signs of an **allergic reaction. Stop taking the oral suspension immediately.**

Serious side effects

The following side effects are serious. You should stop taking this medicine and contact your doctor immediately if you experience them:

- serious peeling or blistering of the skin
- severe diarrhoea

The following side effects have been reported

- Diarrhoea, stomach pain, heartburn, indigestion
- Feeling sick (nausea) or being sick (vomiting)
- Measle like rash
- Itching
- Red wheals on the skin (urticaria)
- Rash with wide spread joint pain and/ or stiffness, swollen lymph glands, fever and, possibly, cloudy urine
- Changes in blood counts, which may show up as bruising or a very tired feeling. You will need a blood test to confirm on this.
- Damage to your liver or kidneys which can be detected by a blood and/ or urine test
- Jaundice (yellow skin and eyes)
- Abnormally excitable behaviour
- Weakness, fainting
- Feeling confused or agitated, seeing or hearing things that are not there (hallucinations), extreme restlessness
- Dizziness, tiredness, headache
- itching around the anus or genitals, inflamed vagina, discharge from the vagina caused by thrush (candidiasis)

Frequency not known:

A red, scaly widespread rash with bumps under the skin and blisters accompanied by fever at the initiation of treatment (acute generalised exanthematous pustulosis). Stop using cefalexin if you develop these symptoms and contact your doctor or seek medical attention immediately. See also section 2.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store.

By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. HOW TO STORE CEFALEXIN ORAL SUSPENSION

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Dry powder: Store below 25°C, tightly closed in the container.

Made-up suspension: Store at 2 – 8°C. Discard any unused medicine after 14 days.

Do not use Cefalexin Oral Suspension after the expiry date stated on the pack.

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to dispose of medicines no longer required. These measures will help to protect the environment.

6. CONTENTS OF THE PACK AND OTHER INFORMATION

What Cefalexin Oral Suspension contains

The **active** substance is cefalexin monohydrate, 125mg or 250mg in a 5ml spoonful. The **other** ingredients are sodium benzoate (E211), Disodium edetate, citric acid, sodium citrate, sorbitol powder, saccharin sodium, colloidal silicon dioxide, monoammonium glycerphosphate, and xanthan gum.
The 125mg/5ml suspension contains colour E127 (erythrosine) and strawberry flavour. The 250mg/5ml suspension contains colour 104 (quinoline yellow) and orange flavour.

What Cefalexin Oral Solution looks like and contents of the pack

125mg/5ml powder - pale pink, free flowing granular powder, which readily mixes in water to give a pink suspension with a flavour of strawberry.
250mg/5ml powder - pale yellow, free flowing granular powder, which readily mixes in water to give a yellow suspension with a flavour of orange.
Both suspensions are supplied in plastic bottles of 100ml.

Marketing Authorisation Holder

Milpharm Limited
Ares, Odyssey Business Park,
West End Road, South Ruislip HA4 6QD,
United Kingdom.

Manufacturers:

Milpharm Limited
Ares, Odyssey Business Park,
West End Road, South Ruislip HA4 6QD,
United Kingdom.

APL Swift Services (Malta) Ltd.,
Hf26, Hal Far Industrial Estate,
Hal Far, Birzebbugia, BBG 3000.

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