The recommended dose is 20 mg once a day for 4 weeks. Your ulcer may have healed after 2–3 weeks, but even if your symptoms have disappeared, the ulcer may not have fully healed. You should keep taking Omeprazole 20 mg once a day for a further 2 weeks. If your ulcer has not yet healed despite this continued treatment, you should tell your doctor. In adults:

- To treat ulcers in the stomach:
  - The recommended dose is 20 mg once a day for 4 weeks. Your ulcer may have healed after 2–3 weeks, but even if your symptoms have disappeared, the ulcer may not have fully healed. You should keep taking Omeprazole 20 mg once a day for a further 2 weeks. If your ulcer has not yet healed despite this continued treatment, you should tell your doctor.
  - If your gullet has not been damaged, the recommended dose can be increased to 40 mg once a day for 8 weeks. If the ulcer does not fully heal, the dose can be increased to 60 mg once a day for a further 8 weeks.

- To treat ulcers in the upper part of the intestine (gastric ulcer):
  - The recommended dose is 20 mg once a day for 4 weeks. Your ulcer may have healed after 2–3 weeks, but even if your symptoms have disappeared, the ulcer may not have fully healed. You should keep taking Omeprazole 20 mg once a day for a further 2 weeks. If your ulcer has not yet healed, the dose can be increased to 40 mg once a day for a further 4 weeks.

- To treat ulcers which are infected with Helicobacter pylori:
  - Omeprazole 40 mg Capsules can also be used to treat ulcers which are infected with Helicobacter pylori. Your doctor will decide whether you need to take this medicine and will tell you how long to take it for. It is usually given in combination with antibiotics to treat the infection. The recommended dose is 40 mg once a day for 8 weeks. If the ulcer does not fully heal, the dose can be increased to 60 mg once a day for a further 8 weeks. If the ulcer does not heal after this time, you should contact your doctor.

- To treat stomach ulcers caused by NSAIDs:
  - Omeprazole 40 mg Capsules can be used to treat stomach ulcers caused by taking non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs). The recommended dose is 20 mg once a day for 4 weeks. Your ulcer may have healed after 2–3 weeks, but even if your symptoms have disappeared, the ulcer may not have fully healed. You should keep taking Omeprazole 20 mg once a day for a further 2 weeks. If your ulcer has not yet healed, the dose can be increased to 40 mg once a day for a further 4 weeks.

- To treat ulcers which are infected with Helicobacter pylori:
  - Omeprazole 40 mg Capsules can also be used to treat ulcers which are infected with Helicobacter pylori. Your doctor will decide whether you need to take this medicine and will tell you how long to take it for. It is usually given in combination with antibiotics to treat the infection. The recommended dose is 40 mg once a day for 8 weeks. If the ulcer does not fully heal, the dose can be increased to 60 mg once a day for a further 8 weeks. If the ulcer does not heal after this time, you should contact your doctor.

- To treat stomach ulcers caused by NSAIDs:
  - Omeprazole 40 mg Capsules can be used to treat stomach ulcers caused by taking non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs). The recommended dose is 20 mg once a day for 4 weeks. Your ulcer may have healed after 2–3 weeks, but even if your symptoms have disappeared, the ulcer may not have fully healed. You should keep taking Omeprazole 20 mg once a day for a further 2 weeks. If your ulcer has not yet healed, the dose can be increased to 40 mg once a day for a further 4 weeks.

To prevent the ulcer from coming back:
- Your doctor will decide whether you need to take this medicine and will tell you how long to take it for. It is usually given in combination with antibiotics to treat the infection. The recommended dose is 20 mg once a day for 8 weeks. If the ulcer does not fully heal, the dose can be increased to 40 mg once a day for a further 8 weeks. If the ulcer does not heal after this time, you should contact your doctor.
To prevent duodenal and stomach ulcers caused by Helicobacter pylori.

The recommended dose is 20 mg once a day.

Take it always exactly as prescribed by your doctor and follow all directions on the label. If you are on Omeprazole for more than three months it is possible to prevent duodenal and stomach ulcers for a long time.

To avoid duodenal and stomach ulcers, Helicobacter pylori infections and gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD) caused by strong stomach acid.

To avoid duodenal and stomach ulcers, Helicobacter pylori infections and gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD) caused by strong stomach acid.

If you are on Omeprazole for more than three months it is possible to prevent duodenal and stomach ulcers for a long time.

Taste changes.

Eyesight problems such as blurred vision.

Yellow skin, dark urine and a generally feeling unwell and lacking energy.

Sudden wheezing, swelling of the face, tongue and throat.

Feeling sick (nausea) or being vomit.

Joint pains (arthralgia) or muscle weakness.

Muscle weakness.

Sudden onset of a severe rash or blistering.

Aggression.

Seeing, feeling or hearing things that do not exist.

Not known (cannot be estimated from the available data)

in the information given to the prescribing doctor.

To prevent duodenal and stomach ulcers caused by Helicobacter pylori.

The recommended dose is 20 mg once a day.

Take it always exactly as prescribed by your doctor and follow all directions on the label. If you are on Omeprazole for more than three months it is possible to prevent duodenal and stomach ulcers for a long time.

To avoid duodenal and stomach ulcers, Helicobacter pylori infections and gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD) caused by strong stomach acid.

If you are on Omeprazole for more than three months it is possible to prevent duodenal and stomach ulcers for a long time.

Taste changes.

Eyesight problems such as blurred vision.

Yellow skin, dark urine and a generally feeling unwell and lacking energy.

Sudden wheezing, swelling of the face, tongue and throat.

Feeling sick (nausea) or being vomit.

Joint pains (arthralgia) or muscle weakness.

Muscle weakness.

Sudden onset of a severe rash or blistering.

Aggression.

Seeing, feeling or hearing things that do not exist.

Not known (cannot be estimated from the available data)

in the information given to the prescribing doctor.

To prevent duodenal and stomach ulcers caused by Helicobacter pylori.

The recommended dose is 20 mg once a day.

Take it always exactly as prescribed by your doctor and follow all directions on the label. If you are on Omeprazole for more than three months it is possible to prevent duodenal and stomach ulcers for a long time.