



Package leaflet: Information for the user

Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg/12.5 mg film-coated tablets
Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide 100 mg/12.5 mg film-coated tablets
Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide 100 mg/25 mg film-coated tablets

losartan potassium and hydrochlorothiazide

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine, because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, or pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet:

1. What Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets
3. How to take Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets
6. Contents of the pack and other information

The name of your medicine is "Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg/12.5 mg, 100 mg/12.5 mg & 100 mg/25 mg film-coated tablets" (referred to as 'Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets' or as 'Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide' throughout this leaflet).

1. What Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets is and what it is used for

Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide is a combination of an angiotensin II receptor antagonist (losartan) and a diuretic (hydrochlorothiazide). Angiotensin II is a substance produced in the body which binds to receptors in blood vessels, causing them to tighten. This results in an increase in blood pressure. Losartan prevents the binding of angiotensin II to these receptors, causing the blood vessels to relax which in turn lowers the blood pressure. Hydrochlorothiazide works by making the kidneys pass more water and salt. This also helps to reduce blood pressure.

Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide is indicated for the treatment of essential hypertension (high blood pressure).

2. What you need to know before you take Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets

Do not take Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets

- if you are allergic to losartan, hydrochlorothiazide or to any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6)
- if you are allergic (hypersensitive) to other sulfonamide-derived substances (e.g. other thiazides, some antibacterial drugs such as co-trimoxazole, ask your doctor if you are not sure)
- if you have severely impaired liver function
- if you have low potassium, low sodium or high calcium levels which cannot be corrected by treatment,
- if you are suffering from gout
- if you are more than 3 months pregnant. It is also better to avoid Losartan/Hydrochlorothiazide in early pregnancy (see also pregnancy section)
- if you have severely impaired kidney function or your kidneys are not producing any urine.
- if you have diabetes or impaired kidney function and you are treated with a blood pressure lowering medicine containing aliskiren

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking Losartan potassium /Hydrochlorothiazide.

- if you have had skin cancer or if you develop an unexpected skin lesion during the treatment. Treatment with hydrochlorothiazide, particularly long term use with high doses, may increase the risk of some types of skin and lip cancer (non-melanoma skin cancer). Protect your skin from sun exposure and UV rays while taking Losartan/Hydrochlorothiazide.
- if you experience a decrease in vision or eye pain. These could be symptoms of fluid accumulation in the vascular layer of the eye (choroidal effusion) or an increase of pressure in your eye and can happen within hours to weeks of taking Losartan/Hydrochlorothiazide. This can lead to permanent vision loss, if not treated. If you earlier have had a penicillin or sulfonamide allergy, you can be at higher risk of developing this.

You must tell your doctor if you think that you are (or might become) pregnant. Losartan potassium /Hydrochlorothiazide is not recommended in early pregnancy and must not be taken if you are more than 3 months pregnant, as it may cause serious harm to your baby if used at that stage (see pregnancy section).

It is important to tell your doctor before taking Losartan potassium /Hydrochlorothiazide:

- if you have previously suffered from swelling of the face, lips, throat or tongue
- if you take diuretics (water pills)
- if you are on a salt-restricted diet
- if you have or have had severe vomiting and/or diarrhoea
- if you have heart failure
- if your liver function is impaired (see section 2 "Do not take Losartan potassium /Hydrochlorothiazide")
- if you have narrow arteries to your kidneys (renal artery stenosis) or only have one functioning kidney, or you have recently had a kidney transplant
- if you have narrowing of the arteries (atherosclerosis), angina pectoris (chest pain due to poor heart function)
- if you have 'aortic or mitral valve stenosis' (narrowing of the valves of the heart) or 'hypertrophic cardiomyopathy' (a disease causing thickening of heart muscle)
- if you are diabetic
- if you have had gout

- if you have or have had an allergic condition, asthma or a condition that causes joint pain, skin rashes and fever (systemic lupus erythematosus).
- if you have high calcium or low potassium levels or you are on a low potassium diet
- if you need to have an anaesthetic (even at the dentist) or before surgery, or if you are going to have tests to check your parathyroid function, you must tell the doctor or medical staff that you are taking Losartan potassium and Hydrochlorothiazide tablets.
- if you suffer from primary hyperaldosteronism (a syndrome associated with increased secretion of the hormone aldosterone by the adrenal gland, caused by an abnormality within the gland).
- if you are taking any of the following medicines used to treat high blood pressure.
 - an ACE-inhibitor (for example enalapril, lisinopril, ramipril), in particular if you have diabetes-related kidney problems.
 - aliskiren.

Your doctor may check your kidney function, blood pressure, and the amount of electrolytes (e.g. potassium) in your blood at regular intervals.

See also information under the heading "Do not take Losartan potassium /Hydrochlorothiazide".

Children and adolescents

There is no experience with the use of Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide in children. Therefore, Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide should not be given to children.

Other medicines and Losartan potassium / Hydrochlorothiazide

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking have recently taken or might take any other medicines.

Diuretic agents such as the hydrochlorothiazide contained in Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide may interact with other medicines.

Preparations containing lithium should not be taken with Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide without close supervision by your doctor.

Special precautionary measures (e.g. blood tests) may be appropriate if you take potassium supplements, potassium-containing salt substitutes or potassium-sparing medicines, other diuretics ("water tablets"), some laxatives, medicines for the treatment of gout, medicines to control heart rhythm or for diabetes (oral agents or insulins).

It is also important for your doctor to know if you are taking:

- other medicines to reduce your blood pressure
- steroids
- medicines to treat cancer
- pain killers
- drugs for treatment of fungal infections
- arthritis medicines
- resins used for high cholesterol, such as colestyramine
- medicines which relax your muscles
- sleeping tablets
- opioid medicines such as morphine
- 'pressor amines' such as adrenaline or other drugs from the same group
- oral agents for diabetes or insulins
- carbamazepine
- calcium salts
- antipsychotics, antidepressants
- erythromycin IV, vincamine IV, halofantrine, pentamidine
- mizolastin, terfenadine
- ciclosporin
- methyl dopa
- anticholinergic agents (e.g. atropine, biperiden)
- ACTH
- glycyrrhizin (found in liquorice)

Your doctor may need to change your dose and/or to take other precautions:

If you are taking an ACE-inhibitor or aliskiren (see also information under the headings "Do not take Losartan potassium /Hydrochlorothiazide" and "Warnings and precautions")

Please also inform your doctor when it is planned to apply iodine contrast media about taking Losartan potassium/ Hydrochlorothiazide.

Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets with food and drink and alcohol

You are advised not to drink alcohol whilst taking these tablets: alcohol and Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide tablets may increase each other's effects.

Dietary salt in excessive quantities may counteract the effect of Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide tablets. Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide tablets may be taken with or without food.

**Pregnancy and breast-feeding
Pregnancy**

You must tell your doctor if you think you are (or might become) pregnant. Your doctor will normally advise you to stop taking Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide before you become pregnant or as soon as you know you are pregnant and will advise you to take another medicine instead of Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide. Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide is not recommended in pregnancy, and must not be taken when more than 3 months pregnant, as it may cause serious harm to your baby if used after the third month of pregnancy.

Breastfeeding

Tell your doctor if you are breast-feeding or about to start breast-feeding. Losartan potassium/ Hydrochlorothiazide is not recommended for mothers who are breast-feeding, and your doctor may choose another treatment for you if you wish to breast-feed.

Black



Use in elderly patients

Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide works equally well in and is equally well tolerated by most older and younger adult patients. Most older patients require the same dose as younger patients.

Driving and using machines

When you begin treatment with this medication, you should not perform tasks which may require special attention (for example, driving an automobile or operating dangerous machinery) until you know how you tolerate your medicine.

Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets contains lactose

Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets contains lactose. If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicinal product.

3. How to take Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure. Your doctor will decide on the appropriate dose of Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide depending on your condition and whether you are taking other medicines. It is important to continue taking Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide for as long as your doctor prescribes it in order to maintain smooth control of your blood pressure.

This medicinal product is available in three strengths: 50 mg/12.5 mg, 100 mg/12.5 mg and 100 mg/25 mg.

High Blood Pressure

The recommended dose of Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide for most patients with high blood pressure is 1 tablet of Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide **50 mg/12.5 mg** per day to control blood pressure over the 24-hour period. This can be increased to 2 tablets once daily of Losartan potassium / Hydrochlorothiazide **50 mg/12.5 mg** Film-Coated Tablets or changed to 1 tablet daily of Losartan / Hydrochlorothiazide **100 mg/25 mg** Film-Coated Tablets (a stronger strength) per day. The maximum daily dose is 2 tablets per day of Losartan potassium / Hydrochlorothiazide **50 mg/12.5 mg** Film-Coated Tablets or 1 tablet daily of Losartan potassium / Hydrochlorothiazide **100 mg/25 mg** Film-Coated Tablets. The dosage strength of Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide 100 mg/12.5 mg is available for those patients titrated to 100 mg of Losartan who required additional blood pressure control.

If you take more Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets than you should

In case of an overdose, contact your doctor immediately so that medical attention may be given promptly. Over dosage can cause a drop in blood pressure, palpitations, slow pulse, changes in blood composition, and dehydration.

If you forget to take Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets

Try to take Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide daily as prescribed. However, if you miss a dose, do not take an extra dose. Just resume your usual schedule.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

If you experience the following, stop taking Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide tablets and tell your doctor immediately or go to the casualty department of your nearest hospital:

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

- Kidney failure

Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):

- Reduction in white blood cells which makes infections more likely; clotting problems and reduced number of platelets which increase the risk of bleeding or bruising
- Abnormal heartbeat, cerebrovascular accident (TIA, "mini-stroke"), heart attack
- Water on the lungs (which causes difficulty breathing)
- Inflammation of the pancreas which causes severe pain in the abdomen and back
- A widespread rash with blisters and skin peeling on much of the body surface (toxic epidermal necrolysis)

Rare (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people):

- A severe allergic reaction (rash, itching, swelling of the face, lips, mouth or throat that may cause difficulty in swallowing or breathing). You may need urgent medical attention or hospitalisation.
- Hepatitis (inflammation of the liver)

Not known (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data):

- Unexplained muscle pain with dark (tea-coloured) urine (rhabdomyolysis)

The following side effects have been reported:

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

- Cough, upper airway infection, congestion in the nose, sinusitis, sinus disorder,
- Diarrhoea, abdominal pain, nausea, indigestion,
- Muscle pain or cramps, leg pain, back pain,
- Insomnia, headache, dizziness,
- Weakness, tiredness, chest pain,
- Increased potassium levels (which can cause an abnormal heart rhythm), decreased haemoglobin levels.
- Changes in kidney function
- Too low sugar in the blood (hypoglycaemia)

Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):

- Anaemia, red or brownish spots on the skin (sometimes especially on the feet, legs, arms and buttocks, with joint pain, swelling of the hands and feet and stomach pain), bruising,
- Loss of appetite, increased uric acid levels or frank gout, increased blood sugar levels, abnormal blood electrolyte levels,
- Anxiety, nervousness, panic disorder (recurring panic attacks), confusion, depression, abnormal dreams, sleep disorders, sleepiness, memory impairment,
- Pins and needles or similar sensations, pain in the extremities, trembling, migraine, fainting,

- Blurred vision, burning or stinging in the eyes, conjunctivitis, worsening eyesight, seeing things in yellow,
- Ringing, buzzing, roaring or clicking in the ears, vertigo
- Low blood pressure, which may be associated with changes in posture (feeling light-headed or weak when you stand up, angina (chest pain), palpitations,
- Inflammation of blood vessels, which is often associated with a skin rash or bruising,
- Sore throat, breathlessness, bronchitis, pneumonia, nosebleed, runny nose, congestion,
- Constipation, obstipation, wind, stomach upsets, stomach spasms, vomiting, dry mouth, inflammation of a salivary gland, toothache,
- Jaundice (yellowing of the eyes and skin)
- Hives, itching, inflammation of the skin, rash, redness of the skin, sensitivity to light, dry skin, flushing, sweating, hair loss,
- Pain in the arms, shoulders, hips, knees or other joints, joint swelling, stiffness, muscle weakness,
- Frequent urination including at night, abnormal kidney function including inflammation of the kidneys, urinary infection, sugar in the urine,
- Decreased sexual appetite, impotence,
- Swelling of the face, localised swelling (oedema), fever.

Rare (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people):

- Abnormal liver function tests

Not known (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data):

- Flu-like symptoms
- Low levels of sodium in the blood (hyponatraemia)
- Generally feeling unwell (malaise)
- Disturbed taste (dysgeusia)
- Skin and lip cancer (Non-melanoma skin cancer)
- Decrease in vision or pain in your eyes due to high pressure (possible signs of fluid accumulation in the vascular layer of the eye (choroidal effusion) or acute angle-closure glaucoma)

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via Yellow Card Scheme. Website: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine

5. How to store Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the label, carton, bottle. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Store below 25°C.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets contains

The active substances are losartan potassium and hydrochlorothiazide.

Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg/12.5 mg tablet contains 50 mg of losartan potassium and 12.5 mg of hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) as the active ingredients.

Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide 100 mg/12.5 mg tablet contains 100 mg of losartan potassium and 12.5 mg of hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) as the active ingredients.

Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide 100 mg/25 mg tablet contains 100 mg of losartan potassium and 25 mg of hydrochlorothiazide (HCTZ) as the active ingredients.

The other ingredients are cellulose microcrystalline, lactose monohydrate, starch pregelatinised, silica colloidal anhydrous, magnesium stearate.

Tablet coat: Hydroxypropyl cellulose (E463), hypromellose 6cp (E464), titanium dioxide (E171), quinoline yellow aluminium lake (E104) [only in 50 mg/12.5 mg & 100 mg/25 mg].

What Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide Tablets looks like and contents of the pack

Film coated tablets

Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide 50 mg/12.5 mg Yellow coloured, oval shaped, beveled edge, biconvex film-coated tablets debossed with 'E' on one side and '48' on the other side.

Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide 100 mg/12.5 mg White, Oval shaped, beveled edge, biconvex film-coated tablets debossed with 'F' on one side and '74' on the other side.

Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide 100 mg/25 mg Yellow coloured, oval shaped, beveled edge, biconvex film-coated tablets debossed with 'E' on one side and '49' on the other side.

Losartan potassium/Hydrochlorothiazide is available in packs of white opaque PVC/PE/PVDC – Aluminium foil blisters and HDPE bottle packs.

Pack sizes:

Blister pack: 14, 28, 30, 50, 56, 60, 90, 98, 100, 280 and 500 film-coated tablets

Bottle pack: 14, 30 and 500 film-coated tablets

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder

Milpharm Limited
Ares, Odyssey Business Park
West End Road
South Ruislip HA4 6QD
United Kingdom

Manufacturer

APL Swift Services (Malta) Limited
HF26, Hal Far Industrial Estate, Hal Far
Birzebbugia, BBG 3000.
Malta

This leaflet was last revised in 01/2021.