Rifadin® 600mg Infusion

**Rifampicin**

1. **NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT**

   Rifadin Infusion contains a medicine called rifampicin. It helps treat your infection.

2. **QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION**

   Rifadin Infusion contains:

   • rifampicin

3. **PHARMACOLOGICAL PRINCIPLE**

   Synthetado (for recommendation prior to use) and the comparing preparation of rifampicin.

4. **PHYSICAL AND METHODS OF ADMINISTRATION**

   Treatment with Rifadin Infusion should include concurrent use of other appropriate antibacterials to prevent the emergence of resistant strains of causative organisms.

   **Rifadin Infusion is given by infusion. A short infusion should be given for:

   1. Wherever your infection is and if you are having any other medicines, including medicines you have bought without a prescription, including herbal medicines. Rifadin Infusion affects the way some other medicines work. So, some other medicines' dosages may need to be changed when you are taking Rifadin Infusion.

5. **How to store Rifadin Infusion**

   Store in a cool, dry place. Do not keep for longer than the expiry month.

   **What is in this leaflet**

   It is important to tell your doctor that you are having Rifadin Infusion. If you are having Rifadin Infusion, you must not use any other medicines that change your blood after having this medicine.

   **What should happen to your blood after having this medicine.**

   **Rifadin Infusion contains: a medicine called rifampicin. It belongs to a group of medicines called 'rifamycins'. It is one of a group of medicine (rifamycins) that work by killing the bacteria that cause infections.**

   **Rifadin Infusion is used to treat the following bacterial infections: where rifampicin is given (such as in AIDS) along with other medicines, and for depressed nervous system (DRESS syndrome).**

   **Other medicines and Rifadin Infusion**

   **Important to tell your doctor that you are having Rifadin Infusion.**

   **Other medicines and Rifadin Infusion**

   **You have any kidney problems and if you are having Rifadin Infusion.**

   **Do not have if any of the above apply to you. If you are not sure about any of these, talk to your doctor or pharmacist before having Rifadin Infusion.**

   **Rifadin Infusion can be given in different ways using different solutions:**

   **Rifadin Infusion contains:**

   1. **What Rifadin Infusion is and what it is used for.**

   **When does Rifadin Infusion need to be given?**

   **Warning and precaution**

   **Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking Rifadin Infusion.**

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   **Children:** The usual paediatric regimen is a single daily dose of 15mg/kg body weight, the total daily dose should not normally exceed 800mg.

   **Usual daily dose:**

   **Parents weighing less than 60 kg - 45 mg.**

   **Parents weighing 60 kg or more - 80 mg.**

   **Rifadin Infusion contains:**

   **Please do not give Rifadin Infusion to anyone who is taking or has taken any other medicines.**

   **Other medicines and Rifadin Infusion**

   **Tell your doctor if you are having any of the following medicines:**

   **Heart and blood medicines**

   **Other medicines and Rifadin Infusion**

   **Praziquantel** - used for tapeworm infections

   **• Medicines to help you sleep (barbiturates)**

   **• Medicines to treat blood disorders (such as patients with blood cancer).**

   **• Medicines used to control breathing (inhaled corticosteroids).**

   **• Medicines to help you sleep (barbiturates).**

   **• Medicines to control diabetes (insulin and sulfonylureas).**

   **• Medicines for high blood pressure**

   **• Medicines to lower blood cholesterol (statins).**

   **• Medicines for herpes zoster (aciclovir, valacyclovir, famciclovir).**

   **• Medicines used to manage depression (selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors and monoamine oxidase inhibitors).**

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Tuberculosis: Treatment with Rifadin for infusion should include a combination of rifampicin, isoniazid, pyrazinamide and ethambutol. Rifadin® Infusion is suitable for use in the following infections:

- Infection caused by Mycobacterium tuberculosis
- Infection caused by Mycobacterium avium complex
- Infection caused by Mycobacterium kansasii
- Infection caused by Mycobacterium fortuitum
- Infection caused by Mycobacterium chelonae
- Infection caused by Mycobacterium xenopi

1. What Rifadin Infusion is and what it is used for

Rifadin® Infusion belongs to a group of medicines called anti-infectives. It contains rifampicin, an antibacterial agent with similar properties to prevent and treat tuberculosis.

2. Before you start taking Rifadin Infusion

Before you start taking Rifadin Infusion, read the 合並記載製品|合併記載製品

- You are allergic (hypersensitive) to rifampicin or any of the other ingredients.
- You have had an allergic reaction to rifampicin or any of the other ingredients.

3. How should you take Rifadin Infusion

- Adults: The recommended daily dose is 600-1200mg. The total amount you are given will depend on the severity of the infection.

4. Possible side effects

- Some people may feel sick (nausea), be sick (vomiting), have painful skin, pain in the joints, rash or urticaria, or have difficulty breathing.
- You may feel tired, have a fast heart rate, or have a headache.
- You may have a rash, swelling, or have difficulty breathing.
- You may have a skin problem.
- You may have a sore mouth, throat, or tongue.
- You may have side effects including:
  - Swollen fingers, toes or ankles
  - Pallest than normal
  - Aches in the arms or legs

5. How to store Rifadin Infusion

Keep this medicine in a safe place where children cannot see or reach it. Rifadin Infusion is given by a doctor or nurse. This is a sterile cream, with the last day of that month.

6. Side effects of the other medicines

- Some antibiotics may cause the following side effects:
  - Skin rash
  - Swelling, nausea
  - Vomiting
  - Fever

7. Side effects of other medicines

- If you need to take another medicine for any reason, you may also need to have regular blood tests to check your blood.

If you miss a dose of Rifadin Infusion, you should get it. Therefore it is unlikely your doctor or nurse will give you too much of this medicine. However, as increased blood levels have been reported, it is recommended that the dose be given at least 3 hours before taking another medicine.