PACKAGE LEAFLET: INFORMATION FOR THE USER

Zoledronic Acid 4mg/5ml Concentrate for solution for infusion

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you are given this medicine because it contains important information for you. Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.

- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor, nurse or pharmacist. If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section

- What is in this leaflet

 1. What Zoledronic Acid Concentrate is and what it is used for

 2. What you need to know before you are given Zoledronic Acid
- Concentrate
 How Zoledronic Acid Concentrate is given
- Possible side effects
 How to store Zoledronic Acid Concentrate
 Contents of the pack and other information 5. 6.

The active substance in Zoledronic Acid Concentrate is zoledronic acid, which belongs to a group of substances called bisphosphonates. Zoledronic acid works by attaching itself to the bone and slowing down the rate of bone

- change. It is used:

 To prevent bone complications e.g. fractures, in adult patients with bone metastases (spread of cancer from the primary cancer site to the
- To reduce the amount of calcium in the blood in adult patients where it is too high due to the presence of a tumour. Tumours can accelerate normal bone change in such a way that the release of calcium from bone is increased. This condition is known as tumour-induced hypercalcaemia (TIH).

Follow carefully all instructions given to you by your doctor.

Your doctor will carry out blood tests before you start treatment with Zoledronic Acid Concentrate and will check your response to treatment at regular intervals.

You should not be given Zoledronic Acid Concentrate:

if you are breast-feeding.

if you are allergic to zoledronic acid, another bisphosphonate (the group of substances to which Zoledronic Acid Concentrate belong any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6).

- wamnigs and precautions
 Talk to your doctor before you are given Zoledronic Acid Concentrate:

 if you have or have had a kidney problem.

 if you have or have had pain, swelling or numbness of the jaw, a feeling of heaviness in the jaw or loosening of a tooth. Your doctor may recommend a dental examination before you start treatment with Zoledronic Acid Concentrate
- if you are having dental treatment or are due to undergo dental surgery, tell your dentist that you are being treated with Zoledronic Acid Concentrate and inform your doctor about your dental treatment.

While being treated with this Zoledronic Acid Concentrate, you should maintain good oral hygiene (including regular teeth brushing) and receive routine dental check-ups.

Contact your doctor and dentist immediately if you experience any problems with your mouth or teeth such as loose teeth, pain or swelling, or non-healing of sores or discharge, as these could be signs of a condition called osteonecrosis of the jaw.

Patients who are undergoing chemotherapy and/or radiotherapy, who are taking steroids, who are undergoing dental surgery, who do not receive routine dental care, who have gum disease, who are smokers, or who were previously treated with a bisphosphonate (used to treat or prevent bone disorders) may have a higher risk of developing osteonecrosis of the jaw.

Reduced levels of calcium in the blood (hypocalcaemia), sometimes leading to muscle cramps, dry skin, burning sensation, have been reported in patients treated with Zoledronic Acid Concentrate. Irregular heart beat (cardiac arrhythmia), seizures, spasm and twitching (tetany) have been (cardiac armytimia), sezures, spasm and twitching (tetany) have been reported as secondary to sever hypocalcaemia. In some instances the hypocalcaemia may be life-threatening. If any of these apply to you, tell your doctor straight away. If you have pre-existing hypocalcaemia, it must be corrected before inflating the first dose of Zoledronic Acid Concentrate. You will be given adequate calcium and vitamin D supplements.

Patients aged 65 years and over Zoledronic Acid Concentrate can be given to people aged 65 years and over. There is no evidence to suggest that any extra precautions are

Children and adolescents

Zoledronic Acid Concentrate is not recommended for use in adolescents and children below the age of 18 years.

- Other medicines and Zoledronic Acid Concentrate
 Please tell your doctor if you are taking or have recently taken any other
 medicines, including medicines obtained without a prescription. It is
 especially important that you tell your doctor if you are also taking:

 Aminoglyocoides (medicines used to treat severe infections), calcitoni
 (a type of medicine used to treat post-menopausal osteoporosis and
 humane/seramia) bon disuriles (a brow of medicine to treat high blood hypercalcaemia), loop diuretics (a type of medicine to treat high blood pressure or oedema) or other calcium-lowering medicines, since the combination of these with bisphosphonates may cause the calcium level in the blood to become too low.
- Thalidomide (a medicine used to treat a certain type of blood cancer involving the bone) or any other medicines which may harm you
- kidneys.

 Aclasta (a medicine that also contains zoledronic acid and is used to treat osteoprossis and other non-cancer diseases of the bone), or am other bisphosphonate, since the combined effects of these medicines taken together with Zoledronic Acid Concentrate are unknown.

 Anti-angiogenic medicines (used to treat cancer), since the combination of these with Zoledronic Acid Concentrate has been associated with an increased risk of osteonecrosis of the jaw (ONJ).

Pregnancy and breast-feeding
You should not be given Zoledronic Acid Concentrate if you are pregnant.
Tell your doctor if you are or think that you may be pregnant.
You must not be given Zoledronic Acid Concentrate if you are breastfeeding. feeding

Ask your doctor for advice before taking any medicine while you are pregnant or breast-feeding.

Driving and using machinesThere have been very rare cases of drowsiness and sleepiness with the use of Zoledronic Acid Concentrate. You should therefore be careful when driving, using machinery or performing other tasks that need full attention.

Important information about Zoledronic Acid Concentrate

This medicinal product contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per 5ml vial of Zoledronic acid, i.e., essentially "sodium free".

- Zoledronic Acid Concentrate must only be given by healthcare professionals trained in administering bisphosphonates intravenously, i.e. through a vein.

 Your doctor will recommend that you drink enough water before each
- treatment to help prevent dehydration. Carefully follow all the other instructions given to you by your doctor,
- nurse or pharmacist.

How much Zoledronic Acid Concentrate is given

- The usual single dose given is 4 mg.

 If you have a kidney problem, your doctor will give you a lower dose depending on the severity of your kidney problem.

Information for the Healthcare Professional

How to prepare and administer Zoledronic Acid Concentrate

To prepare an infusion solution containing 4 mg zoledronic acid, further dilute the Zoledronic Acid Concentrate (5 ml) with 100 ml of calcium-free

or other divalent cation-free infusion solution.

If a lower dose of Zoledronic Acid Concentrate is required, first withdraw the In a lower used or Journal of the property of

Do not mix Zoledronic Acid Concentrate with calcium-containing or other divalent cation-containing solutions such as lactated Ringer's solution.

Instructions for preparing reduced doses of Zoledronic Acid Concentrate: Withdraw the appropriate volume of the liquid concentrate, as follows:

4.4 ml for 3.5 mg dose

4.1 ml for 3.3 mg dose

- 3.8 ml for 3.0 mg dose

For single use only. Any unused solution should be discarded. Only clear solution free from particles and discolouration should be used. Aseptic techniques must be followed during the preparation of the infusion.

From a microbiological point of view, the diluted solution for infusion should From a microsiological point of view, in editudes Solution for infusion should be used immediately. If not used immediately, in-use storage firmes and conditions prior to use are the responsibility of the user and would normally not be longer than 24 hours at 2°C – 8°C when diluted with 100ml of 0.9% w/v sodium chloride solution or 5% w/v glucose solution. The refrigerated

- How often you will be given Zoledronic Acid Concentrate
 If you are being treated for the prevention of bone complications due to bone metastases, you will be given one infusion of Zoledronic Acid Concentrate every three to four weeks.
 If you are being treated to reduce the amount of calcium in your blood,
- you will normally only be given one infusion of Zoledronic Acid Concentrate.

How Zoledronic Acid Concentrate is given
Zoledronic Acid Concentrate is given as a drip (infusion) into a vein which
should take at least 15 minutes and should be administered as a single venous solution in a separate infusion line.

Patients whose blood calcium levels are not too high will also be prescribed calcium and vitamin D supplements to be taken each day.

If you are given more Zoledronic Acid Concentrate than you should be If you have received doses higher than those recommended, you must be carefully monitored by your doctor. This is because you may develop serum electrolyte abnormalities (e.g., abnormal levels of calcium, phosphorus and magnesium) and/or changes in kidney function, including severe kidney impairment. If your level of calcium falls too low, you may have to be given supplemental calcium by infusion.

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them. The most common ones are usually mild and will probably disappear after a short time.

Tell your doctor about any of the following serious side effects

- Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):
 Severe kidney impairment (will normally be determined by your doctor with certain specific blood tests).
 Low level of calcium in the blood.

- Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):

 Pain in the mouth, teeth and/or jaw, swelling or non-healing sores inside the mouth or jaw, discharge, numbness or a feeling of heaviness in the jaw, or loosening of a tooth. These could be signs of bone damage in the jaw (osteonecrosis). Tell your doctor and dentist immediately if you experience such symptoms while being treated with Zoledronic Acid Concentrate or after stopping treatment.
- Irregular heart rhythm (atrial fibrillation) has been seen in patients Irregular heart rhythm (laftail fibrillation) has been seen in patients receiving zolednoine acid for post-menopausal osteporosis. It is currently unclear whether zoledronic acid causes this irregular heart rhythm but you should report it by your doctor if you experience such symptoms after you have received zoledronic acid. Severe allergic reaction: shortness of breath, swelling mainly of the fees and threet in
- face and throat

Rare (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people):

- As a consequence of low calcium values: irregular heart beat (cardiac arrhythmia; secondary to hypocalcaemia).

 A kidney function disorder called Fanconi syndrome (will normally be
- determined by your doctor with certain urine tests).

- Very rare (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people):

 As a consequence of low calcium values: seizures, numbness and tetany (secondary to hypocalcaemia).

 Talk to your doctor if you have ear pain, discharge from the ear, and/or an ear infection. These could be signs of bone damage in the ear.

 Osteonecrosis has also very rarely been seen occurring with other bones than the jaw, especially the hijo or high. Tell your doctor immediately than propriets a comprehense view to a your people. immediately if you experience symptoms such as new onset or worsening of aches, pain or stiffness while being treated with acid or after stopping treatment

Tell your doctor about any of the following side effects as soon as

Very common (may affect more than 1 in 10 people): Low level of phosphate in the blood.

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

Headache and a flu-like syndrome consisting of fever, fatigue, weakness, drowsiness, chills and bone, joint and/or muscle ache. In

- most cases no specific treatment is required and the symptoms disappear after a short time (couple of hours or days). Gastrointestinal reactions such as nausea and vomiting as well as loss of appetite. Conjunctivitis. Low level of red blood cells (anaemia).

Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people): Hypersensitivity reactions. Low blood pressure.

- Low blood pressure. Chest pain. Skin reactions (redness and swelling) at the infusion sile, rash, itching. Skin reactions (redness set of breath, dizziness, anxiety, sleep disturbances, taste disturbances, trembling, tingling or numbness of the hands or feet, diarrhoea, constipation, abdominal pain, dry mouth. Low counts of white blood cells and blood platelets.
- Low level of magnesium and potassium in the blood. Your doctor will monitor this and take any necessary measures.
- Weight increase
- Increased sweating.
- Sleepiness
- Blurred vision, tearing of the eye, eye sensitivity to light. Sudden coldness with fainting, limpness or collapse. Difficulty in breathing with wheezing or coughing.

- Rare (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people):

 Slow heart beat. Slow heart Confusion.
- Contusion.

 Unusual fracture of the thigh bone particularly in patients on long-term treatment for osteoporosis may occur rarely. Contact your doctor if you experience pain, weakness or discombrid in your thigh, hip or groin as this may be an early indication of a possible fracture of the thigh bone. Interstitial lung disease (inflammation of the tissue around the air sacks of the lunce).
- of the lungs).
 Flu-like symptoms including arthritis and joint swelling.
 Painful redness and/or swelling of the eye.

Very rare (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people):
Fainting due to low blood pressure.
Severe bone, joint and/or muscle pain, occasionally incapacitating.

Reporting of side effects
If you get any side effects, all to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This
includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also
report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at:
www.mhra.gov.uk/pellowcard or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the
Google Play or Apple App Store.

By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

Your doctor, nurse or pharmacist knows how to store Zoledronic Acid Concentrate properly (see section 6).

6. Conten

What Zoledronic Acid Concentrate contains

- The active substance of Zoledronic Acid Concentrate is zoledronic acid.
 The other ingredients are: mannitol, sodium citrate and water for injection.
- What Zoledronic Acid Concentrate looks like and contents of the pack Coledronic Acid Concentrate is supplied as a liquid concentrate in a vial.

 One vial contains 4 mg of zoledronic acid.

 Zoledronic Acid Concentrate is supplied in packs containing 1, 4, 10 or 25

Not all pack sizes may be marketed. Marketing Authorisation Holder

Morningside Healthcare Ltd., Unit C, Harcourt Way Leicester, LE19 1WP, UK

Manufacture

Morningside Pharmaceuticals Ltd. Castle Business Park, Loughborough, LE11 5GW, UK

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solution should then be equilibrated to room temperature prior to

The solution containing zoledronic acid is given as a single 15-minute intravenous influsion in a separate infusion line. The hydration status of patients must be assessed prior to and following administration of Zoledronic Acid Concentrate to ensure that they are adequately hydrated.

Studies with several types of infusion lines made from polyvinylo polyethylene and polypropylene showed no incompatibility with Zoledronic Acid Concentrate.

Since no data are available on the compatibility of Zoledronic Acid Concentrate with other intravenously administered substances, Zoledronic Acid Concentrate must not be mixed with other medications/substances and should always be given through a separate infusion line.

How to store Zoledronic Acid Concentrate

- Keep Zoledronic Acid Concentrate out of the sight and reach of
- Do not use Zoledronic Acid Concentrate after the expiry date stated on
- the pack.
 The unopened vial does not require any specific storage conditions.
 The diluted Zoledronic Acid Concentrate infusion solution should be used immediately in order to avoid microbial contamination.