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Package leaflet: Information for the User
Aronix® 50 mg Film-Coated Tablets
Sildenafil

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

Always take this medicine exactly as described in this leaflet or as your pharmacist has told you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- Ask your pharmacist if you need more information or advice.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your pharmacist or doctor. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.
- If you have taken Aronix as directed and were NOT able to get or keep an erection hard enough for satisfactory sex, you should talk to your pharmacist or doctor.

What is in this leaflet

1. What Aronix is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take Aronix
3. How to take Aronix
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Aronix
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1. What Aronix is and what it is used for

Aronix is a treatment for adult men (aged 18 years and older) with erectile dysfunction (also known as impotence). This is when a man cannot get or keep an erection hard enough for satisfactory sexual activity.

Erections depend on many things, including proper blood flow to the penis. If blood cannot flow adequately to the penis, it can cause erectile dysfunction. Erectile dysfunction is a common problem and can affect men differently. Some men cannot get an erection, other men can get an erection but it may not be hard enough for sex, or they may lose their erection before or during sex.

Aronix contains the active ingredient sildenafil. It belongs to a group of medicines called phosphodiesterase type 5 (PDE5) inhibitors. It works by relaxing the blood vessels in your penis, allowing blood to flow into your penis when you get sexually excited and causing an erection. Aronix will only help you to get an erection if you are sexually excited (stimulated).

2. What you need to know before you take Aronix

Do not take Aronix if you:

- do not have an erection problem, as this medicine will not provide any benefit to you
- take any medicines called nitrates or nitric oxide donors, (such as glyceryl trinitrate, isosorbide mononitrate, isosorbide dinitrate for the relief of chest pain, or heart failure or amyl nitrite also known as "poppers", nicorandil or sodium nitroprusside), as the combination may lead to a dangerous fall in blood pressure
- are allergic to sildenafil or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6)
- take **riociguat** or other medicines of a group called guanylate cyclase stimulators. This medicine is used to treat pulmonary arterial hypertension (i.e. high blood pressure in the lungs) and chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension (i.e. high blood pressure in the lungs due to blood clots).
- take **ritonavir** for the treatment of HIV infection
- have been advised by your doctor to **avoid sexual activity** because of a problem with your heart or blood vessels, such as a recent heart attack or stroke (within the last 6 months), unstable angina or severe cardiac failure
- have ever had loss of vision because of damage to the optic nerve [such as non-arteritic anterior ischaemic optic neuropathy (NAION)] or have an inherited eye disease (such as retinitis pigmentosa)
- **have low blood pressure** (which can cause symptoms such as tiredness, dizziness, lightheadedness, feeling sick, clammy skin, depression, loss of consciousness, or blurry vision) or high blood pressure that is not controlled
- have a severe **liver** problem
- have any disease or deformity of your penis (such as Peyronie's Disease)
- are a woman
- are under 18 years of age.

Warnings and precautions

Sexual activity can put extra strain on your heart.

If you have a heart problem or think you might have a heart problem you should tell your pharmacist.

It is important to have a check-up with your doctor as soon as possible within the first 6 months of using Aronix to ensure that your erection problems are not caused by another serious health condition.

Even if you feel healthy, your erection problems may be linked to other serious health conditions.

Erectile dysfunction may be an early sign of:

- heart and blood vessel problems
- diabetes
- high blood pressure
- high cholesterol

You should discuss your symptoms and these conditions with your doctor if you have not already done so.

Before taking Aronix, in order to ensure this medicine is suitable for you and that you are fit enough to have sex, tell your doctor if you:

- **get very breathless or feel any pain in the chest with light or moderate activity (e.g. walking briskly for 20 minutes or climbing two flights of stairs).**
- Your doctor may need to check whether your heart can take the additional strain of having sex

- have a problem with one of the valves in your heart (valvular heart disease)
- have a disease in which the heart muscle becomes inflamed and does not work as well as it should (cardiomyopathy)
- have an irregular heart beat (arrhythmia)
- have had a surgery to improve blood flow to your heart, or you have high blood pressure which is now under control
- have ever had an erection that lasted more than 4 hours even without any physical or psychological stimulation; (called priapism) or have any condition which can cause priapism. Conditions which can cause priapism include sickle cell anaemia (an abnormality of red blood cells), leukaemia (cancer of blood cells), or multiple myeloma (cancer of bone marrow)
- take any other medicines listed in this leaflet. Please refer to section 2 'Other medicines and Aronix'
- have a **stomach ulcer**, or a **bleeding disorder** (such as haemophilia)
- have previously diagnosed mild to moderate liver disease, or severe kidney problems.
Aronix may not be suitable for you. Ask your pharmacist or doctor about a 25 mg tablet which may be more suitable for you.

Children and adolescents

This medicine should not be given to children and adolescents under the age of 18 years.

Other medicines and Aronix

Tell your pharmacist or doctor if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines. Some medicines may be affected by Aronix or they may affect how well Aronix will work.

Nitrate medicines: Do NOT take Aronix if you are taking nitrate medicines (such as glyceryl trinitrate, isosorbide mononitrate, isosorbide dinitrate) or nitric oxide donors (such as amyl nitrite ("poppers"), nicorandil or sodium nitroprusside). These are often used for the relief of chest pain (angina pectoris), or heart failure. Using Aronix with any of these medicines may lead to a dangerous fall in blood pressure.

Do not take Aronix if you are taking a medicine called riociguat (or other medicines of a group called guanylate cyclase stimulators), used to treat pulmonary arterial hypertension (i.e. high blood pressure in the lungs) and chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension (i.e. high blood pressure in the lungs due to blood clots).

In addition, do not take Aronix if you are taking a medicine called ritonavir, for the treatment of HIV infection.

Tell your pharmacist or doctor before using Aronix if you are taking:

- any other treatment for erectile dysfunction
- alpha-blockers such as alfuzosin, doxazosin or tamsulosin, which are medicines used to treat urinary problems due to an enlarged prostate (benign prostatic hyperplasia) or occasionally high blood pressure, as Aronix may not be suitable for you
- medicines containing sacubitril/valsartan, used to treat heart failure.
- medicines that may affect the way Aronix works such as:
 - protease inhibitors (saquinavir) to treat HIV infections
 - the heartburn treatment cimetidine
 - medicines to treat fungal infections called itraconazole or ketoconazole, and an antibiotic called erythromycin.

Aronix may not be suitable for you. Ask your pharmacist or doctor about a 25 mg tablet which may be more suitable for you.

Aronix with food and drink

Aronix can be taken with or without food. When this medicine is taken after a high-fat meal, it may take a little longer to start working. Do not take Aronix with grapefruit or grapefruit juice, because this can affect how the medicine works.

Drinking excessive alcohol can temporarily reduce your ability to get an erection. To get the maximum benefit from your medicine, you are advised not to drink large amounts of alcohol before sexual activity.

Pregnancy, breastfeeding and fertility

This medicine should not be used by women.

Driving and using machines

Aronix can cause dizziness and can affect your vision. Do not drive or use machines if you suffer from these side effects after taking this medicine.

Important information about some of the ingredients of Aronix

If you have been told by your doctor that you have intolerance to some sugars, such as lactose, speak to your pharmacist or doctor before taking this medicine.

Other important information

You can improve your erectile function by making lifestyle changes; these include exercising regularly, reducing stress, giving up smoking and avoiding excessive alcohol use. If you are feeling depressed or anxious, talk to your pharmacist or doctor, who will be able to provide you with further advice.

3. How to take Aronix

Always take Aronix exactly as described in this leaflet or as your pharmacist or doctor has told you. Check with your pharmacist or doctor if you are not sure.

- take one tablet, as needed, approximately 1 hour before sexual activity
- swallow the table whole with water
- **do not take more than one tablet a day**

You will not get an erection just by taking Aronix. This medicine will only help you get an erection if you are sexually aroused. You and your partner should engage in foreplay just as you would if you were not taking a medicine for erectile dysfunction.

The amount of time this medicine takes to work varies from person to person, but it normally takes between 30 to 60 minutes to work. You may take it up to 4 hours before sexual activity.

Remember to relax and be patient. There is no rush. If you are not successful the first time, try to have sex again, but remember you **can only take 1 tablet a day**. For most men, Aronix will work the first or second time they try it. If it has been some time since you were able to get or keep an erection, it may take a couple of attempts before you are able to achieve an erection. If you feel the effect of Aronix is too strong or too weak, talk to your pharmacist or doctor.

Talk to your doctor if you have taken Aronix as directed and are still not able to get and keep an erection.

If you take more Aronix than you should

If you take more tablets than recommended, contact your pharmacist or doctor immediately. Taking more than the recommended dose may result in an increase in side effects and/or their severity.

If you have any further questions on the use of this product, ask your pharmacist or doctor.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects although not everybody gets them.

These side effects are usually mild to moderate and of a short duration.

STOP TAKING Aronix and seek medical attention IMMEDIATELY if you experience any of the following SERIOUS side effects:

- **chest pains:** this occurs uncommonly. If this occurs before, during or after intercourse get in a semi-sitting position and try to relax. **Do NOT use nitrates** to treat your chest pain
- **a persistent and sometimes painful erection lasting longer than 4 hours:** this occurs rarely
- **a sudden decrease or loss of vision:** this occurs rarely
- **an allergic reaction:** this occurs uncommonly. Symptoms include sudden wheeziness, difficulty breathing or dizziness, swelling of the eyelids, face, lips or throat
- **serious skin reactions** such as Stevens-Johnson Syndrome (SJS) and Toxic Epidermal Syndrome (TEN): this occurs rarely. Symptoms may include severe peeling and swelling of the skin, blistering of the mouth, genitals and around the eyes, fever
- **seizures or fits:** this occurs rarely.

Other side effects that have been reported:

Very common (may affect more than 1 in 10 people): headache.

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

- nausea, indigestion, stuffy nose, dizziness
- facial flushing, hot flush (symptoms include a sudden feeling of heat in your upper body)
- colour tinge to vision, blurred vision, visual disturbance

Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):

- vomiting, upper abdominal pain, gastro-oesophageal reflux disease (also known as acid reflux with symptoms including heartburn)
- skin rash, pain in the arms or legs, nosebleed, feeling hot, feeling tired
- eye irritation, bloodshot eyes/red eyes, eye pain, seeing flashes of light, visual brightness, light sensitivity, watery eyes
- pounding heartbeat, rapid heartbeat
- high blood pressure
- low blood pressure (symptoms include dizziness, fainting, blurred vision, nausea and tiredness)
- muscle pain, feeling sleepy, reduced sense of touch, vertigo, ringing in the ears
- dry mouth, blocked or stuffy sinuses, inflammation of the lining of the nose (symptoms include runny nose, sneezing and stuffy nose)
- presence of blood in urine

Rare (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people):

- fainting, dry nose, swelling of the inside of the nose, feeling irritable and sudden decrease or loss of hearing
- stroke, heart attack, irregular heartbeat, temporary decreased blood flow to parts of the brain
- feeling of tightening of the throat, numb mouth
- bleeding at the back of the eye, double vision, reduced sharpness of vision, abnormal sensation in the eye, swelling of the eye or eyelid, small particles or spots in your vision, seeing halos around lights, dilation of the pupil of the eye, discolouration of the white of the eye
- penile bleeding, presence of blood in semen.

Cases of unstable angina (a heart condition) and sudden death have been reported rarely. Of note, most, but not all, of the men who experienced these side effects had heart problems before taking this medicine. It is not possible to determine whether these events were directly related to this medicine.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme website www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store. By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. How to store Aronix

Keep out of the sight and reach of children.

This medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and blister after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Aronix contains

The active substance is sildenafil citrate. Each film-coated tablet contains 50 mg sildenafil (as citrate).

The other ingredients are:

Tablet core: microcrystalline cellulose, calcium hydrogen phosphate dihydrate, croscarmellose sodium, hydroxy propyl cellulose, magnesium stearate.
Tablet coating: hypromellose (E464), lactose monohydrate, triacetin (E1518), titanium dioxide (E171), lake indigo carmine (E132).

What Aronix looks like and contents of the pack

Each tablet is a blue coloured, round film-coated tablet debossed with 'SC' on one side and '50' on other side.

Tablets are packed in boxes of 2, 4, or 8 tablets. Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer

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