

PACKAGE LEAFLET: INFORMATION FOR THE PATIENT

Sildenafil 25 mg film-coated tablets

Sildenafil

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor, pharmacist or nurse.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet

1. What Sildenafil is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take Sildenafil
3. How to use Sildenafil
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Sildenafil
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Sildenafil is and what it is used for

Sildenafil tablets contains the active substance sildenafil which belongs to a group of medicines called phosphodiesterase type 5 (PDE5) inhibitors. It works by helping to relax the blood vessels in your penis, allowing blood to flow into your penis when you get sexually excited. This medicine will only help you to get an erection if you are sexually stimulated.

This medicine is a treatment of adult men with erectile dysfunction, sometimes known as impotence. This is when a man cannot get, or keep a hard, erect penis suitable for sexual activity.

2. What you need to know before you take Sildenafil

Do not take Sildenafil

- If you are allergic to sildenafil or any of the other ingredients of this medicine. (listed in section 6).
- If you are taking medicines called nitrates, as the combination may lead to a dangerous fall in your blood pressure. Tell your doctor if you are taking any of these medicines which are often given for relieve of angina pectoris (or "chest pain"). If you are not certain, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- If you are using any of the medicine known as nitric oxide donors such as amyl nitrite ("poppers"), as the combination may also lead to a dangerous fall in your blood pressure.
- If you are taking riociguat. This medicine is used to treat pulmonary arterial hypertension (i.e., high blood pressure in the lungs) and chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension (i.e., high blood pressure in the lungs secondary to blood clots). PDE5 inhibitors, such as Sildenafil, have been shown to increase the hypotensive effect of this medicine. If you use riociguat or are unsure tell contact your doctor.
- If you have a serious heart or liver problem.
- If you have recently had a stroke or a heart attack or if you have low blood pressure.
- If you have a certain rare inherited eye diseases (such as *retinitis pigmentosa*).
- If you have ever had loss of vision due to non-arteritic anterior ischaemic optic neuropathy (NAION).

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse before using this medicine.

- If you have sickle cell anemia (an abnormality of the red blood cells), leukemia (cancer of blood cell) or multiple myeloma (cancer of bone marrow).
- If you have a deformity of your penis or Peyronie's Disease.
- If you have problems with your heart. Your doctor should carefully check whether your heart can take the additional strain of having sex.
- If you currently have a stomach ulcer, or a bleeding problem (such as haemophilia).
- If you experience sudden decrease or loss of vision, stop taking this medicine and contact your doctor immediately.

You should not use this medicine with any other oral or local treatments for erectile dysfunction.

You should not use this medicine with treatments for pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) containing sildenafil or any other other PDE5 inhibitors.

You should not use this medicine if you do not have erectile dysfunction.

You should not use this medicine if you are a woman.

Special precautions for patients with kidney or liver problems

You should tell your doctor if you have kidney or liver problems. Your doctor may decide lower dose for you.

Children and adolescents

This medicine should not be given to individuals under the age of 18.

Other medicines and Sildenafil

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines.

This medicine may interfere with some medicines, especially those used to treat chest pain. In the event of a medical emergency, you should tell your doctor, pharmacist or nurse that you have taken this medicine and when you did. Do not take this medicine with other medicines unless your doctor tells you that you can.

You should not take this medicine if you are taking medicines called nitrates, as the combination of these medicines may lead to a dangerous fall in your blood pressure. Always tell your doctor, pharmacist or nurse if you are taking any of these medicines that are often used for the relief of angina pectoris (or “chest pain”).

You should not take this medicine if you are using any of the medicines known as nitric oxide donors such as amyl nitrite (“poppers”) as the combination may also lead to a dangerous fall in your blood pressure.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are already taking riociguat.

If you are taking medicines known as protease inhibitors, such as for the treatment of HIV, your doctor may start you on the lowest dose (25 mg) of this medicine.

Some patients who take alpha-blocker therapy for the treatment of high blood pressure or prostate enlargement may experience dizziness or light-headedness, which may be caused by low blood pressure upon sitting or standing up quickly. Certain patients have experienced these symptoms when taking this medicine with alpha-blockers. This is most likely to happen within 4 hours after taking this medicine. To reduce the chance that these symptoms might happen, you should be on a regular daily dose of your alpha-blocker before you start this medicine. Your doctor may start you on a lower dose (25 mg) of this medicine.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking medicines containing sacubitril/valsartan, used to treat heart failure.

This medicine with food and drinks and alcohol

This medicine can be taken with or without food. However, you may find that this medicine takes longer to start working if you take it with a heavy meal.

Drinking alcohol can temporarily impair your ability to get an erection. To get the maximum benefit from your medicine, you are advised not to drink large amounts of alcohol before taking this medicine.

Pregnancy, breast-feeding and fertility

This product is not indicated for use by women.

Driving and using machines

This medicine can cause dizziness and can affect vision. Make sure you are aware of how you react to this medicine before driving or using machinery.

This medicine contains lactose

If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, such as lactose, consult your doctor before taking this medicine.

This medicine contains sodium

This medicine contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per tablet that is to say essentially 'sodium-free'.

3. How to take Sildenafil

Always use this medicine exactly as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure. The recommended starting dose is 50 mg.

You should not take this medicine more than once a day.

Do not take this medicine in combination with other sildenafil containing products.

You should take this medicine about one hour before you plan to have sex. Swallow the tablet whole with a glass of water.

If you feel that the effect of this medicine is too strong or too weak, talk to your doctor or pharmacist.

This medicine will only help you to get an erection if you are sexually stimulated. The amount of time this medicine to work varies from person to person, but it normally takes between half an hour and one hour. You may find that this medicine takes longer to work if you take it with a heavy meal.

If this medicine does not help you to get an erection, or if your erection does not last long enough for you to complete sexual intercourse you should tell your doctor.

If you take more of Sildenafil than you should:

You may experience an increase in side effects and their severity. Doses above 100 mg do not increase the efficacy.

You should not take more tablets than your doctor tells you to.

Contact your doctor if you take more tablets than you should.

If you have any further questions about the use of this medicine, ask your doctor, pharmacist or nurse.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects although not everybody gets them. The side effects reported in association with the use of this medicine are usually mild to moderate and of a short duration.

If you experience any of the following serious side effects stop taking this medicine and seek medical help immediately:

- An allergic reaction - this occurs **uncommonly** (may affect up to 1 in 100 people) Symptoms include sudden wheeziness, difficulty breathing or dizziness, swelling of the eyelids, face, lips or throat.
- Chest pains - this occurs **uncommonly**
If this occurs during or after intercourse
 - Get in semi-sitting position and try to relax.
 - **Do not use nitrates** to treat your chest pain.
- Prolonged and sometimes painful erections - this occurs **rarely** (may affect up to 1 in 1 000 people)
If you have an erection which lasts for more than 4 hours, you should contact a doctor immediately.
- A sudden decrease or loss of vision - this occurs **rarely**
- Serious skin reactions - this occurs **rarely**
Symptoms may include severe peeling and swelling of the skin, blistering of the mouth, genitals and around the eyes, fever.
- Seizures or fits- this occurs **rarely**.

Other side effects:

Very common (may affect more than 1 in 10 people): headache.

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people): nausea, facial flushing, hot flush (symptoms include a sudden feeling of heat in your upper body), indigestion, color tinge to vision, blurred vision, visual disturbance, stuffy nose and dizziness.

Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people): vomiting, skin rashes, eye irritation, bloodshot eyes / red eyes, eye pain, flashing of light, visual brightness, light sensitivity, watery eyes, pounding heartbeat, rapid heartbeat, high blood pressure, low blood pressure, muscle pain, feeling sleepy, reduced sense of touch, vertigo, ringing in the ear, dry mouth, blocked or stuffy sinuses, inflammation of the lining of the nose (symptoms include runny nose, sneezing and stuffy nose), upper abdominal

pain, gastro-oesophageal reflux disease (symptoms include heartburn), presence of blood in urine, pain in the arms or legs, nosebleed, feeling hot and feeling tired.

Rare (may affect up to 1 in 1 000 people): fainting, stroke, heart attack, irregular heartbeat, temporary decreased blood flow to parts of the brain, feeling of tightening of the throat, numb mouth, bleeding at the back of the eye, double vision, reduced sharpness of vision, abnormal sensation in the eye, swelling of the eye or eyelid, small particles or spots in your vision, seeing halos around lights, dilation of the pupil of the eye, discolouration of the whites of the eye, penile bleeding, presence of blood in semen, dry nose, swelling of the inside of the nose, feeling irritable and sudden decrease or loss of hearing.

From post-marketing experience cases of unstable angina (a heart condition) and sudden death have been reported rarely. Of note, most, but not all, of the men who experienced these side effects had heart problems before taking this medicine. It is not possible to determine whether these events were directly related to this medicine.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store. By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information about the safety of this medicine.

5. How to store Sildenafil

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

This medicine does not require any special storage conditions.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and blister after Exp. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Sildenafil contains

The active substance is sildenafil.

- Each tablet contains 25 mg sildenafil (as sildenafil citrate).

The other ingredients are:

Tablet core

Cellulose, microcrystalline
Croscarmellose sodium
Silica, colloidal anhydrous
Magnesium stearate
Calcium hydrogen phosphate

Film coat

Lactose monohydrate
Hypromellose

Titanium dioxide
Triacetin
Indigo carmine (E132)

What does this medicine look like and contents of the pack

Light blue to blue, round tablets, marked “25” on one side and “SL” on the other side.

The tablets are available in blister packs of 2, 4, 8, 12 or 24 tablets. Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer

Marketing authorization Holder

Umedica Laboratories UK Ltd

Office No. G42, The Panorama, Park Street,
Ashford,
England,
TN24 8DF

Manufacturer

Elara Pharmservices Limited

5 Garden Court, Lockington Hall
Main Street, Lockington
Derby, DE74 2RH
United Kingdom

This leaflet was last revised in 05/2026.