# Package leaflet: Information for the user

Matrifen 12 micrograms/hour transdermal patch Matrifen 25 micrograms/hour transdermal patch Matrifen 50 micrograms/hour transdermal patch Matrifen 75 micrograms/hour transdermal patch Matrifen 100 micrograms/hour transdermal patch

# Fentanyl

# Important things you need to know about Matrifen

- transdermal patches:These patches contain a strong pain killer Ensure that old patches are
- removed before applying a new Patches must not be cut
- Do not expose the patches to a heat source (such as a hot water bottle) Do not soak in a hot bath or take a
- hot shower whilst wearing a patch If you develop a fever tell your
- doctor immediately
  Follow the dosage instructions
  carefully and only change your
  patch at the <u>same time</u> of day
  every **3 days (72 hours)**If your breathing becomes
  shallow and weak take the patch
  off and seek medical halp off and seek medical help.

Read all of this leaflet carefully

### medicine because it contains important information for you. Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.

before you start using this

- If you have any further questions, ask
- ryou have any further questions, ask your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This medicine has been prescribed for you (or your child) only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
  If you get any side effects, talk to
- your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4 What is in this leaflet

### 1. What Matrifen is and what it is used for

- What you need to know before vou use Matrifen
- How to use Matrifen Possible side effects
- How to store Matrifen Contents of the pack and other
- information
- What Matrifen is and what it
- is used for The name of your medicine is Matrifen.

The patches help relieve pain that is very bad and long-lasting:in adults who need continuous pain treatment in children above 2 years of age

who are already using opioid medication and who need continuous pain treatment. Matrifen contains a medicine called fentanyl. It belongs to a group of strong painkillers called opioids.

What you need to know before you use Matrifen Do not use Matrifen if:

# You are allergic to fentanyl or any of the other ingredients of this

# medicine (listed in section 6) You have pain which lasts only for a short period, such as sudden pain or

- pain after having an operation You have breathing difficulties, with slow or shallow breathing Do not use this medicine if any of the above apply to you or your child. If you are not sure, talk to your doctor
- or pharmacist before using Matrifen. Warnings and precautions

Matrifen can have lifethreatening side effects in regularly using prescribed opioid medicines.

- Matrifen is a medicine that could be life-threatening to children, even if the patches
- have been used. Bear in mind that a sticky patch (unused or used) could be tempting to a child and if it sticks to a child's skin or they put it in their mouth, the result may be fatal. Store this medicine in a safe and secure place, where other people cannot access it - see section 5 for more information.
- Patch sticking to another person The patch should be used only on the skin of the person for whom it has been prescribed. There have been reports of patches accidentally

sticking to a family member while in close physical contact or sharing the same bed as the person wearing the patch. A patch accidently sticking to another person (particularly a child) can cause the medicine in the patch to go through the skin of the other person and cause serious side effects such as breathing difficulties, with slow or shallow breathing which may be fatal. In case the patch sticks to the skin of another person, take the patch off right away and get medical attention. Take special care with Matrifen Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before using this medicine if any of the following apply to you - your doctor may need to check you more

## You have ever had problems with your lungs or breathing You have ever had problems with your heart, liver, kidneys or low

blood pressure

- You have ever had a brain tumour You have ever had persistent headaches or a head injury You are elderly - you may be more sensitive to the effects of this
- medicine You have a condition called 'myasthenia gravis' in which muscles become weak and tire easily.

If any of the above apply to you (or

you are not sure), talk to your doctor or pharmacist before using Matrifen. While using the patch, tell your doctor if you have breathing **problems while sleeping.**Opioids like Matrifen can cause sleep-

related breathing disorders such as sleep apnoea (breathing pauses during sleep) and sleep-related hypoxaemia (low oxygen level in the

blood). Tell your doctor if you, your partner or carer notice you have any of the following: breathing pauses during sleep night awakening due to shortness of breath difficulties staying asleep excessive drowsiness during the day. Your doctor may decide to change your dose.

## doctor if you notice a change in the pain you are feeling. If you feel: your pain is no longer relieved by the patch an increase in pain

While using the patch, tell your

there is a change in how you feel the pain (for example, you feel pain in another part of your body) pain when something touches

your body that you wouldn't expect to hurt you.

Do not change the dose yourself.

Your doctor may decide to change your dose or treatment. Side effects and Matrifen Matrifen may make you unusually

# drowsy, and make your breathing more slow or shallow. Very rarely these breathing problems can be life-threatening or even fatal, especially in people who have not

used strong opioid painkillers (like

- Matrifen or morphine) before. If you, or your partner or carer, notice that the person wearing the patch is unusually drowsy, with slow or shallow breathing: Take the patch off Call a doctor, or go to your nearest hospital straight away Keep the person moving and talking as much as possible If you get a fever while using Matrifen, tell your doctor - this may increase the amount of medicine that passes through your skin Matrifen may cause constipation,
- See section 4 for a full list of possible side effects When you are wearing the patch do not expose it to direct heat such

relieve constipation.

talk to your doctor or pharmacist for advice on how to prevent or

as heating pads, electric blankets, hot-water bottles, heated water beds or heat or tanning lamps. Do not sunbathe, have long hot baths

or saunas or use hot whirlpool spa baths. If you do, you may increase the amount of medicine you get from the Long-term use and tolerance This medicine contains fentanyl which is an opioid medicine Repeated use of opioid painkillers can result in the drug being less effective (you become accustomed to it, known as drug tolerance). You may also become more sensitive

to pain while using Matrifen. This is known as hyperalgesia. Increasing the dose of your patches may help to further reduce your pain for a while, but it may also be harmful. If you notice that your medicine becomes less effective, talk to your doctor. Your doctor will decide whether it is better for you to increase the dose or to gradually decrease your use of Matrifen. Dependence and addiction This medicine contains fentanyl, which is an opioid. It can cause dependence and/or addiction

### Repeated use of Matrifen can also lead to dependence, abuse and addiction which may result in life-threatening overdose. The risk of these side effects

can increase with a higher dose and longer duration of use. Dependence or

addiction can make you feel that you are no longer in control of how much medicine you need to use or how often you need to use it. You might feel that you need to carry on using your medicine, even when it doesn't help to relieve your pain.

The risk of becoming dependent or addicted varies from person to person. You may have a greater risk of becoming dependent or addicted on Matrifen if: You or anyone in your family have ever abused or been dependent on alcohol, prescription medicines or illegal drugs ("addiction") You are a smoker. You have ever had problems with

your mood (depression, anxiety, or a personality disorder) or have been treated by a psychiatrist for

other mental illness

**INFOBOX** 

Product

signs whilst using Matrifen, it could be a sign that you have become dependent or addicted. You need to use the medicine for longer than advised by your doctor You need to use more than the

recommended dose

If you notice any of the following

- You are using the medicine for reasons other than prescribed, for instance, 'to stay calm' or 'help you sleep'
- You have made repeated, unsuccessful attempts to quit or control the use of the medicine
- When you stop taking the medicine you feel unwell, and you feel better once using the medicine again ('withdrawal effects') If you notice any of these signs, speak to your doctor to discuss the best

treatment pathway for you, including when it is appropriate to stop and how to stop safely. Withdrawal symptoms when stopping Matrifen

# Do not suddenly stop taking this medicine. Withdrawal symptoms such as restlessness, difficulty sleeping,

irritability, agitation, anxiety, feeling your heartbeat (palpitations), increased blood pressure, feeling or being sick, diarrhoea, loss of appetite, shaking, shivering or sweating may occur. If you want to stop taking this medicine, talk to your doctor first.
Your doctor will tell you how to do
this, usually by reducing the dose
gradually so that any unpleasant
withdrawal effects are kept to a Other medicines and Matrifen Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines.

This includes medicines that you buy without a prescription or herbal medicines. You should also tell your pharmacist that you are using Matrifen if you buy any medicines from your pharmacy. Your doctor will know which medicines are safe to take with

Matrifen. You may need to be closely monitored if you are taking some of the types of medicines listed below or if you stop taking some of the types of medicines listed below, as this may affect the strength of Matrifen you need. In particular, tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking: Other medicines for pain, such as other opioid painkillers (such

as buprenorphine, nalbuphine or pentazocine) and some pain killers

for nerve pain (gabapentin and

- pregabalin). Medicines for helping you sleep (such as temazepam, zaleplon or zolpidem). Medicines to help you calm
- down (tranquillisers, such as alprazolam, clonazepam, diazepam, hydroxyzine or lorazepam) and medicines for mental conditions (anti-psychotics, such as aripiprazolè, haloperidol, olanzapine, risperidone or phenothiazines). Medicines for relaxing your muscles (such as cyclobenzaprine or diazepam).
- Some medicines used to treat depression called SSRIs or SNRIs (such as citalopram, duloxetine, escitalopram, fluoxetine,
- fluvoxamine, paroxetine, sertraline or venlafaxine) see below for more information. Some medicines used to treat depression or Parkinson's disease called MAOIs (such as isocarboxazid, phenelzine, selegiline or tranylcypromine). You should not take Matrifen within
- 14 days of stopping these medicines see below for more information. Some antihistamines, especially ones that make you sleepy (such as chlorpheniramine, clemastine, cyproheptadine, diphenhydramine or hydroxyzine). Some antibiotics used to treat infection (such as erythromycin or
- clarithromycin). Medicines used to treat fungal infection (such as itraconazole, ketoconazole, fluconazole or voriconazole). Medicines used to treat HIV
- infection (such as ritonavir). Medicines used to treat an irregular heartbeat (such as amiodarone, diltiazem or verapamil).
  Medicines to treat tuberculosis (such as rifampicin).
- Some medicines used to treat epilepsy (such as carbamazepine, phenobarbital or phenytoin). Some medicines used to treat nausea or motion sickness (such as
- phenothiazines). Some medicines used to treat heartburn or ulcers (such as cimetidine).
- Some medicines used to treat angina (chest pain) or high blood pressure (such as nicardipine). Some medicines used to treat
- idelalisib). Matrifen with antidepressants The risk of side effects increases if you are taking medicines such as certain antidepressants. Matrifen

may interact with these medicines

cancer of the blood (such as

and you may experience changes to mental status such as feeling agitated, seeing, feeling, hearing, or smelling things that are not there (hallucinations) and other effects such as changing blood pressure, fast heart beat, high body temperature, overactive reflexes lack of coordination, muscle stiffness, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea (these may be signs of Serotonin Syndrome). If used together, your doctor may want to closely monitor you for such side effects in particular when starting treatment or when the dose of your medicine is changed. Use with central nervous system depressants, including alcohol and some narcotic drugs Concomitant use of Matrifen and sedative medicines such as benzodiazepines or related drugs increases the risk of drowsiness, difficulties in breathing (respiratory depression), coma and may be

life-threatening. Because of this, concomitant use should only be considered when other treatment options are not possible. However if your doctor does prescribe Matrifen together with sedative medicines the dose and duration of concomitant treatment should be limited by your doctor. Please tell your doctor about all sedative medicines you are taking, and follow your doctor's dose recommendation closely. It could be helpful to inform friends or

your doctor when experiencing such symptoms. **Operations** If you think that you are going to receive anaesthesia tell your doctor or dentist that you are using Matrifen. Matrifen and alcohol

Do not drink alcohol while using Matrifen unless you have talked to

vour doctor first

symptoms stated above. Contact

relatives to be aware of the signs and

# Matrifen can make you drowsy or breathe more slowly. Drinking alcohol may make these effects worse. Pregnancy and breast-feeding If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice

before using this medicine.

Matrifen should not be used during pregnancy unless you have discussed this with your doctor. Matrifen should not be used during childbirth as the medication can affect the breathing of the newborn child.

symptoms (such as high-pitched cry, jitteriness, fits, poor feeding and diarrhoea) in your newborn baby that can be life threatening if not recognised and treated. Talk to a doctor immediately if you think your baby may have withdrawal symptoms.

Prolonged use of Matrifen during

pregnancy can cause withdrawa

Matrifen patch. This is because the medicine may pass into breast milk. **Driving and using machines** Matrifen can affect your ability to drive and use machines or tools as it may make you sleepy or dizzy. If this happens, do not drive or use any tools or machines.

• Do not drive while taking this

- prescribed to treat a medical or dental problem and You have taken it according to
- provided with the medicine It was not affecting your ability
- How to use Matrifen 3

severity of your pain, your general condition and type of pain treatment

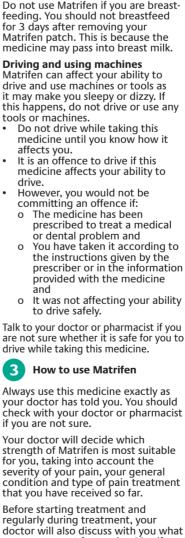
you may expect from using Matrifen when and how long you need to take it, when to contact your doctor, and when you need to stop it (see also section 2, withdrawal symptoms when stopping Matrifen). Using and changing the patches

# There is enough medicine in each patch to last **3 days (72 hours).** You should change your patch every third day, unless your doctor has told you differently. Always remove the old patch

- **before** applying a new one. Always change your patch at the **same time** of day every 3 days (72 hours).

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12.03.2025



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Matrifen LFT UK	Size	120 x 840mm

MOCK UP FOR SUBMISSION Die Cut Change Braille Varnish Free Istituto Gentili S.r.l. Colours Via San Giuseppe Cottolengo 15 Pantone Green C 20143 Milan, Pantone P Black C Italy **GENTILI** 

- If you are using more than one patch, change all your patches at the same time
- Make a note of the day, date and time you apply a patch, to remind you when you need to change
- The following table shows you when to change your patch:

		•
Apply your patch on	<b>→</b>	Change your patch on
Monday	<b>→</b>	Thursday
Tuesday	<b>→</b>	Friday
Wednesday	<b>→</b>	Saturday
Thursday	<b>→</b>	Sunday
Friday	<b>→</b>	Monday
Saturday	<b>→</b>	Tuesday
Sunday	<b>→</b>	Wednesday

# Where to apply the patch

Apply the patch on a flat part of your upper body or arm (not over a joint)

- Always apply the patch to the upper back to make it difficult for your child to reach it or take it off.
- Every so often check that the patch remains stuck to the skin. It is important that your child does not remove the patch and put it
- in their mouth as this could be life threatening or even fatal. Watch your child very closely for
- 48 hours after: The first patch has been put on A higher dose patch has been
  - It may take some time for the patch to have its maximum effect.
- Therefore, your child might need to use other painkillers as well until the patches become effective. Your doctor will talk to you about this. Adults and Children:

# Do not apply the patch onThe same place twice in a row. Areas that you move a lot (joints),

- skin that is irritated or with cuts. Skin that is very hairy. If there is hair,
- do not shave it (shaving irritates the skin). Instead, clip the hair as close to the skin as possible.
- Putting a patch on Step 1: Preparing the skin

### Make sure your skin is completely dry, clean and cool before you put

- the patch on If you need to clean the skin, just use cold water
- Do not use soap or any other cleansers, creams, moisturisers, oils
- or talc before applying the patch Do not stick a patch on straight after a hot bath or shower
- Step 2: Open the sachet Each patch is sealed in its own

# Cut open the sachet along the

- dotted line using scissors Gently cut off the edge of the sachet completely to avoid
- damaging the patch inside





- Keep the empty sachet to dispose of the used patch later
  Use each patch once only Do not take the patch out of its
- sachet until you are ready to use it Inspect the patch for any damage
- Do not use the patch if it has been divided, cut or looks damaged Never divide or cut the patch
- covered by loose clothing and not stuck under a tight or elasticated

Step 3: Peel and press

- Carefully peel one half of the shiny plastic backing away from the centre of the patch. Try not to
- touch the sticky side of the patch Press this sticky part of the patch onto the skin Remove the other part of the backing and press the whole patch onto the skin with the palm
- of your hand
- Hold for at least 30 seconds. Make sure it sticks well, especially the
- Step 4: Disposing of the patch As soon as you take a patch off, fold it firmly in half so that the

### sticky side sticks to itself. Put it back in its original sachet and dispose of the sachet as

- instructed by your pharmacist Keep used patches out of sight and reach of children – even used
- which may harm children and may even be fátal Always wash your hands after you have handled the patch using

patches contain some medicine

# clean water only More about using Matrifen

Everyday activities while using the

# The patches are waterproof You can shower or bathe while wearing a patch, but do not scrub the patch itself If your doctor agrees, you can

- exercise or play sport while wearing the patch You can also swim while wearing the patch, but:
- Don't use hot whirlpool spa baths Don't put a tight or elasticated band over the patch While you are wearing the patch do not expose it to direct heat such
- as heating pads, electric blankets, hot-water bottles, heated water beds, heat or tanning lamps. Do not sunbathe, have long hot baths or saunas. If you do, you may increase the amount of medicine you get from the patch. How quickly will the patches work? It may take some time for your first patch to have its maximum effect Your doctor may give you other painkillers as well for the first day

### After this, the patch should help to relieve pain continuously so that you can stop taking other

painkillers. However, your doctor

may still prescribe extra painkillers from time to time. How long will you use the patches Matrifen patches are for long-term

pain. Your doctor will be able to tell

you how long you can expect to use

# If your pain gets worse If your pain suddenly gets worse

the patches.

- after placing your last patch, you should check your patch. If it is no longer sticking well or has fallen off you should replace the patch (See also section If a patch falls off). If your pain gets worse over If your pain gets worse over time while you are using these patches, your doctor may try a higher strength patch, or give you additional painkillers (or both).
- patch does not help, your doctor may decide to stop the use of the If you use too many patches or the wrong strength patch
  If you have stuck on too many

If increasing the strength of the

# Signs of overdose include trouble breathing or shallow breathing,

toxic leukoencephalopathy. If you forget to change your patch If you forget, change your patch as soon as you remember and make note of the day and time. Change the patch again after 3 days (72

If you are very late changing your

patch, you should talk to your doctor because you might need some extra painkillers, but do **not** 

hours) as usual.

# If a patch falls off

Your child's upper back Let your doctor know this has happened and leave the patch on for another 3 days (72 hours) or as directed by your doctor, before changing the new patch as usual

Your upper body or arm

- If your patches keep falling off, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse If you want to stop using the patches Do not suddenly stop taking this medicine. If you want to stop taking this medicine, talk to your doctor first. Your doctor will tell you how
- stopping Matrifen'

doctor or pharmacist. Possible side effects Like all medicines, this medicine

can cause side effects, although not

If you or your partner, or carer, notice any of the following about the person wearing the patch, take

everybody gets them.

the patch off and call a doctor, or go to your nearest hospital, straight away. You may need urgent medical treatment. Feeling unusually drowsy breathing that is more slow or

shallow than expected Follow the advice above and keep the person who was wearing the patch moving and talking as much as possible. Very rarely these breathing difficulties can be life-threatening or even fatal, especially in people who have not used strong opioid

patches or the wrong strength patch, take the patches off and contact a doctor straight away.

tiredness, extreme sleepiness, being unable to think clearly, walk or talk normally and feeling faint, dizzy or confused. An overdose may also result in a brain disorder known as

# apply an extra patch. If a patch falls off before it needs changing, stick a new one on straight away and make note of the day and time. Use a new area of skin on:

- to do this, usually by reducing the dose gradually so that any unpleasant withdrawal effects are kept to a minimum. See also section 2 'Withdrawal symptoms when If you stop using the patches, don't start again without asking your doctor first. You might need
- If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your

a different patch strength when

painkillers (like Matrifen or morphine) before. (Uncommon, this may affect up to 1 in 100 people) Sudden swelling of the face or

throat, severe irritation, reddening

or blistering of your skin.

The following side effects have also been reported than 1 in 10 people)

These may be signs of a severe allergic reaction. (Frequency cannot be estimated from the available data)

consciousness. (Uncommon, these may affect up to 1 in 100 people).

Fits (seizures). (Uncommon, this may affect up to 1 in 100 people)

Reduced consciousness or loss of

# Very common (may affect more

Nausea, vomiting, constipation Feeling sleepy (somnolence)

Feeling dizzy Headache

Depression

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people)

• Allergic reaction Loss of appetite Difficulty sleeping

Feeling anxious or confused Seeing, feeling, hearing, or smelling things that are not there

(hallucinations) Muscle tremors or spasms Unusual feeling in the skin, such as tingling or crawling feelings (paraesthesia)

pinning sensation (vertigo) Heartbeat feels fast or uneven (palpitations, tachycardia) High blood pressure

Being short of breath (dyspnoea)

Diarrhoea

Stomach pain or indigestion Excessive sweating Itching, skin rash or redness of the

Being unable to pass urine or empty bladder completely

Feeling very tired, weak or generally unwell Feeling cold Swollen hands, ankles or feet

(peripheral oedema)

Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people)

Feeling agitated or disoriented Feeling extremely happy (euphoria) Decreased feeling or sensitivity, especially in the skin (hypoaesthesia) Loss of memory

Blurred vision Slow heartbeat (bradycardia) or low blood pressure Blue colour to the skin caused by

low oxygen in the blood (cyanosis) Loss of contractions of the gut (ileus)

Itchy skin rash (eczema), allergic reaction or other skin disorders where the patch is placed Flu-like illness

Feeling of body temperature change Fever

Muscle twitching Difficulty getting and keeping an erection (impotence) or problems

having sex Difficulty in swallowing

Rare side effects (may affect up to 1 in 1000 people)Constricted pupils (miosis)Stopping breathing from time to

time (apnoea) Not known (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data)
 Lack of male sex hormones (androgen deficiency)

Delirium (symptoms may include a combination of agitation, restlessness, disorientation, confusion, fear, seeing or hearing things that are not really there, sleep disturbance, nightmares) You can become dependent on Matrifen (see section 2).

You may notice rashes, redness or slight itching of the skin at the site of the patch. This is usually mild and disappears after you have removed the patch. If it does not, or if the patch irritates your skin badly, tell your doctor. Repeated use of the patches can

make the medicine become less effective (you get used to it, or you may become more sensitive to pain), or you can become dependent on it. If you switch from a different painkiller to Matrifen or if you suddenly stop using Matrifen, you

may notice withdrawal effects such as sickness, feeling sick, diarrhoea, anxiety or shivering. Tell your doctor if you notice any of these effects. There have been reports also of newborn infants experiencing withdrawal effects after their mothers have used Matrifen for a long time during pregnancy.

Reporting of side effects
If you get any side effects talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme. Website: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard or

search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store. By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine. How to store Matrifen Where you should keep the patches Keep all patches (used and unused) out of the sight and reach of children.

Store this medicine in a safe and

secure place, where other people cannot access it. It can cause serious

harm and be fatal to people who may take this medicine by accident, or intentionally when it has not been prescribed for them. How long to keep Matrifen for Do not use Matrifen after the expiry date which is stated on the carton

and sachet. The expiry date refers to the last date of that month (after

EXP). If the patches are out of date, take them to your pharmacy

This medicinal product does not require

any special storage conditions. How to dispose of used patches or patches you no longer use

A used or unused patch accidentally sticking to another person, especially a child, may be fatal. Used patches should be folded firmly in half so that the sticky side of the patch sticks to itself. Then they should be safely discarded by

putting them back into the original

sachet and stored out of sight and reach of other people, especially

children, until safely disposed. Ask

your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. These measures will help protect the Contents of the pack and 6 other information What Matrifen contains The active substance is: fentanyl. The patches come in 5 different

contains: gives a area of dose of: each patch Matrifen 1.38 mg 12 micro 4.2 cm<sup>2</sup>

2.75 mg

patch

grams/

25 micro

hour

Active

surface

8.4 cm<sup>2</sup>

strengths (see table below). Each

patch

patch:

12 micro

hour trans dermal

grams/

patch

Matrifen

25 micro grams grams/ hour hour trans dermal patch Matrifen 5.5 mg 50 micro 16.8 cm<sup>2</sup> 50 micro grams grams/ hour hour trans dermal patch Matrifen 8.25 mg 75 micro 25.2 cm<sup>2</sup> 75 micro grams hour hour trans dermal patch Matrifen 11 mg 100 33.6 cm<sup>2</sup> 100 micro micro grams/ grams hour trans hour dermal patch Other ingredients are: Dipropylene glycol, hydroxypropyl cellulose, dimeticone, silicone adhesives (amine resistant), ethylene vinyl acetate (EVA,

Matrifen is a transparent and rectangular transdermal patch. Each patch is packed in a heat-sealed, child-resistant sachet made of paper, aluminium and polyethylene terephthalate (PET). The transdermal patches are equipped with a coloured imprint with trade name, active substance and strength: 12 micrograms/hour patch: brown

release membrane), polyethylene terephthalate (PET, backing film),

fluoropolymercoated polyester (protective film) and printing ink.

What Matrifen looks like and

contents of the pack

75 micrograms/hour patch: light blue 100 micrograms/hour patch: grey imprint

25 micrograms/hour patch: red

50 micrograms/hour patch: green

imprint

Italy

March 2025

The patches are supplied in carton containing 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 16, and 20 patches. Not all pack sizes may be marketed. **Marketing Authorisation Holder** Istituto Gentili S.r. Via San Giuseppe Cottolengo 15 20143 Milan

Manufacturer: LTS Lohmann Therapie-Systeme AG Lohmannstrasse 2 D - 56626 Andernach Germany

This leaflet was last revised in

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