

Your guide to EYLEA[®]

for the treatment of
visual impairment due
to macular oedema
secondary to central
retinal vein occlusion
(CRVO)



▼ This medicine is subject to additional monitoring. This will allow quick identification of new safety information. You can help by reporting any side effects you may get. See www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard for how to report side effects. Please see the inside front cover for full details.

This booklet has been produced for people who have been prescribed EYLEA (aflibercept solution for injection).

▼ Reporting of side effects. This medicine is subject to additional monitoring. This will allow quick identification of new safety information. If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in the package leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard. By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

Welcome to your EYLEA guide

Your doctor has prescribed EYLEA because you have been diagnosed with visual impairment due to macular oedema secondary to central retinal vein occlusion, commonly called CRVO.

This is a condition that is making it harder for you to see clearly. Treatments like EYLEA can help stop your eyesight from becoming worse, and may improve some of the symptoms you have.

This booklet also contains the Package Leaflet and an audio CD with all of the information contained in this booklet.

Whether you read this guide or choose to listen to it on CD, it has been made to help answer any questions you may have so you can get the most out of your treatment.

Your eye care clinic is:

Contact:

Telephone:

Address:

Email:

Within this book you will find:

Information to help you understand CRVO

- What is CRVO?
- What causes CRVO?
- How is visual impairment due to macular oedema secondary to CRVO treated?

What to expect from your EYLEA treatment

- What is EYLEA?
- Who is EYLEA for?
- Why am I being treated with EYLEA?
- How can I get ready for my EYLEA appointment?
- What can I expect at my EYLEA appointment?
- What if I have any concerns or questions?
- What can I expect after my EYLEA appointment?
- When do I need to come back for another appointment?
- How long will my EYLEA treatment last?
- Are there any side effects with EYLEA?

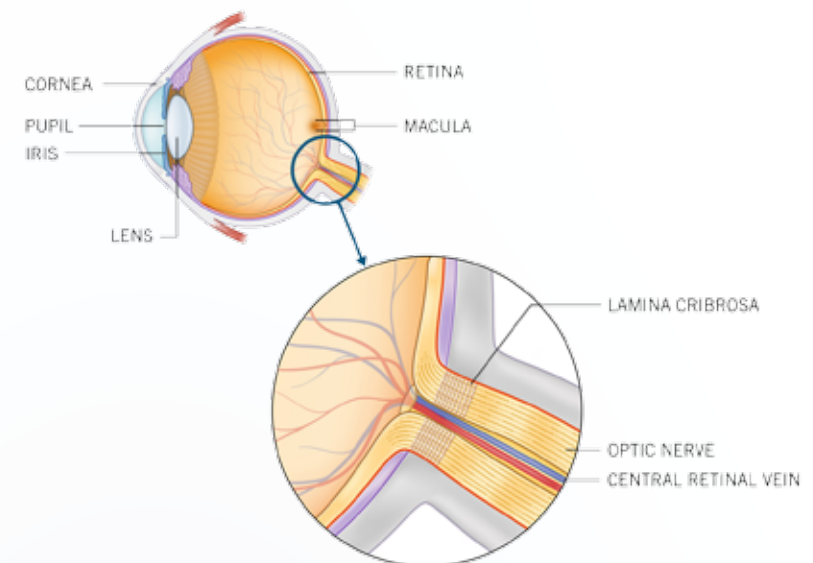
There is also useful advice for living with CRVO as well as information about local support groups for people with vision problems.

What is CRVO?

Within the back of your eye, there is a network of tightly woven cells and blood vessels that form a barrier to control substances entering or leaving your retina. The retina is where all of the images you see are recorded – it acts like the film in a camera.

CRVO is a condition where the central blood vessel (vein) that transports blood away from the retina may be blocked. This causes fluid and blood to leak through the veins of the retina, causing swelling. The macula is the part of the retina responsible for central and fine vision. When the macula swells with fluid, central vision becomes blurry.

The diagram below shows which areas of the eye are affected by CRVO.



What causes CRVO?

Central retinal vein occlusion can happen at any age, but is more common in people over 65 years.

In many people with CRVO, a specific cause can't be determined but it often happens as a consequence of other conditions like glaucoma (raised eye pressure), hypertension (high blood pressure), atherosclerosis (hardening of the arteries) or diabetes.

Other things that can increase your risk of developing CRVO, or make it worse are 'lifestyle' factors including smoking, not exercising and being overweight. Quitting smoking greatly lowers the risk of damage to your eyes as well as improving your general health. If you are overweight, losing weight and eating healthily may also help protect your eyesight. Your GP can help you with quitting smoking and losing weight.

Remember: it is important to follow your eye doctor's advice and to make sure you keep all of your appointments with your doctor, whether for treatment or check-ups.

How is visual impairment due to macular oedema secondary to CRVO treated?

There are several treatment options for treating CRVO and they work in different ways.

Generally, these treatments work by shrinking and sealing up the leaking blood vessels and can involve injections or laser therapy.

Since no two people are alike, there is no one-size-fits-all solution. Your doctor will choose the treatment best suited for your individual needs.

What is EYLEA?

EYLEA is a type of treatment known as an anti-VEGF. This is an abbreviation for anti-vascular endothelial growth factor, which is a description of how EYLEA works to protect your vision.

EYLEA blocks a particular protein that causes development of new weaker blood vessels in your eye. This can help prevent leakage of fluid from these new blood vessels, protecting your vision.

EYLEA is a solution (a liquid) that is injected into the eye.

While it is understandable to worry about an injection, your doctor will make sure the surface of your eye is numb so you should feel no more than a little pressure during the procedure.

Who is EYLEA for?

EYLEA is for people who have been diagnosed with visual impairment due to macular oedema secondary to CRVO.

Before your EYLEA treatment starts, make sure to tell your doctor or nurse if you:

- Have an infection in or around your eye
- Currently have redness in your eye or if there is any pain in your eye
- Think you may be allergic to iodine, any painkillers or any of the ingredients in EYLEA. The full list of ingredients can be found in the attached Package Leaflet
- Have had any issues or problems with eye injections before
- Have glaucoma or a history of high pressure in your eye
- See, or have seen, flashes of light or 'floaters' in your vision
- Are taking any medications, with or without a prescription
- Are pregnant, planning to become pregnant or breastfeeding. Although there is no experience of using EYLEA in pregnant women, EYLEA should not be used during pregnancy. Please discuss this with your doctor before treatment with EYLEA
- Women of child bearing potential should use effective contraception during their treatment and for at least 3 months after the last injection of EYLEA
- Had or will have eye surgery within 4 weeks before or after EYLEA treatment

Why am I being treated with EYLEA?

EYLEA has been extensively tested in large clinical trials to see how it can help people with visual impairment due to macular oedema secondary to CRVO. During these clinical trials, the investigators looked at how well EYLEA works, not only to stabilise but also to improve vision in patients with CRVO.

How well EYLEA works for you will depend on a number of things, such as how long you've had visual impairment due to macular oedema secondary to CRVO and how well you could see before commencing treatment. Your doctor will often have a good idea of how likely you are to respond to EYLEA, and they will discuss this with you at the start of treatment.

How can I get ready for my EYLEA appointment?

Your doctor may ask you to take eye drops for a few days before your appointment. After your treatment, your vision may be blurry so you should not drive home. Plan to have a friend or family member to take you to your appointment, or arrange another way to get there and home again. On the day of your appointment, do not wear any makeup.

What can I expect at my EYLEA appointment?

Your doctor or nurse will get you ready for your EYLEA treatment. These people are highly trained professionals with experience in treating visual impairment due to CRVO. They understand that the treatment procedure may sound worrying so they will take care to make sure you are relaxed and comfortable.

You will be given eye drops that numb the front surface of the eye and an eye wash will be used to clean your eye and the skin around it. During the procedure your face will be covered by a special drape and your eyelids will be held open with a special device to stop you from blinking.

You will be given the injection into the white of your eye. You should feel no more than a little pressure during the procedure.

What if I have concerns or questions?

If you have any concerns or questions, your doctor or nurse are the best people to speak to. They are very experienced and they know your individual situation so can provide you with the answers you need.

Don't worry about asking questions or voicing any concerns. Your doctor or nurse can give you answers and reassurance.

What can I expect after my EYLEA appointment?

Your doctor may give you some eye tests after your injection. This may include measuring the pressure inside your eye. After your injection, your vision may be blurry, so you should not plan to drive until your vision returns to what is normal for you.

If you use contact lenses, your doctor or nurse can advise you when you can start using them again.

Over the next few days you may get a bloodshot eye or see moving spots in your vision. Both of these should improve within days. If they don't, or if they get worse, you should contact your doctor.

Some people might feel a little bit of pain or discomfort in their eye after their injection. It is advisable to take painkillers that you would normally take for a headache. If the pain does not go away or gets worse, you should contact your doctor.

When do I need to come back for another appointment?

Your doctor will arrange your next EYLEA appointment with you. Your treatment schedule will be created to best meet your individual needs.

Remember, your doctor and nurse are the best people to speak to if you have any questions about your treatment schedule.

Speak with your doctor before stopping treatment.

How long will my EYLEA treatment last?

When you start your treatment with EYLEA, you will normally have a series of monthly injections. 3 or more consecutive, monthly injections may be needed. When your doctor considers your condition is stable while on treatment, it may be continued but with the interval between treatments extended to longer than 1 month.

Your treatment may also stop if at any point your doctor thinks you are not getting any benefit from EYLEA.

During treatment, it is important to keep all your appointments so that your treatment is given every opportunity to work as effectively as possible. If for any reason you can't attend an appointment, please contact your eye clinic as soon as possible to arrange a new time.

Are there any side effects with EYLEA?

Just like any medicine, whether by prescription or over the counter, EYLEA has the potential to cause side effects. Not everyone who takes EYLEA will experience a side effect.

The most common side effects include:

- Increase of pressure inside the eye
- The gel-like substance inside the eye pulling away from the retina
- Moving spots in vision
- Clouding of the lens (cataract)

Less common side effects which may be serious include:

- Retinal detachment
- Infection/inflammation inside the eye

Contact your doctor as soon as possible if you experience any increased eye pain, if the redness gets worse, if your vision gets more blurred or you can't see as well as usual, if you become more sensitive to light or if you experience the sudden appearance of floaters, flashes of light and/or obscured vision.

For a full list of side effects, refer to the attached Package Leaflet.

If you think you might have a side effect from your treatment, speak to your doctor.

Advice for living with CRVO

Being diagnosed with visual impairment due to macular oedema secondary to CRVO and experiencing problems with your eyesight can be an anxious time. It is normal to worry and feel uncertain about your future, but your diagnosis doesn't mean you can no longer live a full life. You can continue to enjoy family, friends and interests with some small changes.

Some helpful advice includes:

- Tell friends and family that you have CRVO and how it affects your eyesight
- Use brighter lighting
- Organise your surroundings so it is easier to find things
- Use torches and magnifying lenses when needed. Take them with you when you go out
- Read large-print books and newspapers and try audio books or computers with large-print settings

For more helpful tips on living with CRVO, please see the information on support groups on the following pages.

Support for people with CRVO

However much you are affected by CRVO, it is important to remember that you are not alone. It may be difficult to understand your diagnosis or to come to terms with it. Speaking to experts can help answer questions you may have, while speaking to others who are in, or have been in, a similar situation to yourself can help you come to terms with your diagnosis.

Where can I find out more about CRVO?

If you would like to find out more, or be put in touch with other people suffering from CRVO, a couple of useful contacts can be found below. You can write to these organisations, phone them or, if you have access to the internet, go to their websites. These organisations will have downloadable files of information which can be printed or read on the screen. They may also be able to provide their information in audio format for you to listen to.

The Macular Society

Helpline: 0300 3030 111

Address: The Macular Society, PO Box 1870,
Andover SP10 9AD

Email: info@macularsociety.org

Website: www.macularsociety.org

RNIB (Royal National Institute of Blind People)

Telephone: 0303 123 9999

Address: RNIB Headquarters, 105 Judd Street,
London WC1H 9NE

Email: helpline@rnib.org.uk

Website: www.rnib.org.uk

Notes

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Audio guide to EYLEA



EYLEA is used to treat visual
impairment due to macular
oedema secondary to central
retinal vein occlusion

