If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

Keep taking indapamide until your doctor tells you to stop taking it. Treatment for high blood pressure is usually life-long.

If you stop taking indapamide

Do not miss any doses. If you forget a dose, take it as soon as you remember. Then go back to your regular dose schedule. Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten tablet. Miss it out and take the next dose at the usual time.

Taking too much indapamide may make you feel or be sick (nausea or vomiting), cause low blood pressure, cramps, dizziness, drowsiness, confusion and changes in the amount of urine produced by the kidneys due to severe dehydration.

If you take more indapamide than you should

The usual dose is one tablet, once a day, taken in the morning. Tablets can be taken with or without food.

Before you take any other medicine

If you are not sure if any of the above apply to you, talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking indapamide.

Driving and using machines:

Indapamide can be used for treating:

- High blood pressure (hypertension). It may be used on its own or in combination with other medicine for high blood pressure.

Other medicines and indapamide

In particular, tell your doctor if you are taking any of the following as special care may be required:

- angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors (used to treat high blood pressure and heart failure)
- mizolastine (used to treat allergic reactions, such as hay fever)
- halofantrine (antiparasitic drug used to treat certain types of malaria)
- metformin (to treat diabetes)
- potassium-sparing diuretics (amiloride, spironolactone, triamterene)
- ciclosporin, tacrolimus or other medicines to depress the immune system after organ transplantation, to treat autoimmune diseases, or severe rheumatic or dermatological diseases.
- furosemide (an diuretic)
- calcium tablets or other calcium supplements
- oral corticosteroids used to treat various conditions including severe asthma and rheumatoid arthritis
- sparfloxacin, moxifloxacin, erythromycin by injection (antibiotics used to treat infections)
- medicines used to treat mental disorders such as depression, anxiety or schizophrenia (for example tricyclic antidepressants, anti-psychotic drugs, mood stabilisers)
- medicines for heart rhythm problems such as quinidine, hydroquinidine, disopyramide, amiodarone, sotalol, ibutilide, digoxin, bepridil (used to treat angina pectoris, a condition causing chest pain)
- medicines to treat heart rhythm problems due to severe dehydration.

Warnings and precautions

If you are allergic (hypersensitive) to indapamide, any other sulfonamide or to any of the other ingredients of this medicine (see section 6. Contents of the pack and other information).

If you have liver problems

If you are pregnant

Indapamide can be used for:

- High blood pressure (hypertension). It may be used on its own or in combination with other medicine for high blood pressure.

Other medicines and indapamide

In particular, tell your doctor if you are taking any of the following as special care may be required:

- angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors (used to treat high blood pressure and heart failure)
- mizolastine (used to treat allergic reactions, such as hay fever)
- halofantrine (antiparasitic drug used to treat certain types of malaria)
- metformin (to treat diabetes)
- potassium-sparing diuretics (amiloride, spironolactone, triamterene)
- ciclosporin, tacrolimus or other medicines to depress the immune system after organ transplantation, to treat autoimmune diseases, or severe rheumatic or dermatological diseases.
- furosemide (an diuretic)
- calcium tablets or other calcium supplements
- oral corticosteroids used to treat various conditions including severe asthma and rheumatoid arthritis
- sparfloxacin, moxifloxacin, erythromycin by injection (antibiotics used to treat infections)
- medicines used to treat mental disorders such as depression, anxiety or schizophrenia (for example tricyclic antidepressants, anti-psychotic drugs, mood stabilisers)
- medicines for heart rhythm problems such as quinidine, hydroquinidine, disopyramide, amiodarone, sotalol, ibutilide, digoxin, bepridil (used to treat angina pectoris, a condition causing chest pain)
- medicines to treat heart rhythm problems due to severe dehydration.

Warnings and precautions

If you are allergic (hypersensitive) to indapamide, any other sulfonamide or to any of the other ingredients of this medicine (see section 6. Contents of the pack and other information).

If you have liver problems

If you are pregnant

Indapamide can be used for:

- High blood pressure (hypertension). It may be used on its own or in combination with other medicine for high blood pressure.

Other medicines and indapamide

In particular, tell your doctor if you are taking any of the following as special care may be required:

- angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors (used to treat high blood pressure and heart failure)
- mizolastine (used to treat allergic reactions, such as hay fever)
- halofantrine (antiparasitic drug used to treat certain types of malaria)
- metformin (to treat diabetes)
- potassium-sparing diuretics (amiloride, spironolactone, triamterene)
- ciclosporin, tacrolimus or other medicines to depress the immune system after organ transplantation, to treat autoimmune diseases, or severe rheumatic or dermatological diseases.
- furosemide (an diuretic)
- calcium tablets or other calcium supplements
- oral corticosteroids used to treat various conditions including severe asthma and rheumatoid arthritis
- sparfloxacin, moxifloxacin, erythromycin by injection (antibiotics used to treat infections)
- medicines used to treat mental disorders such as depression, anxiety or schizophrenia (for example tricyclic antidepressants, anti-psychotic drugs, mood stabilisers)
- medicines for heart rhythm problems such as quinidine, hydroquinidine, disopyramide, amiodarone, sotalol, ibutilide, digoxin, bepridil (used to treat angina pectoris, a condition causing chest pain)
- medicines to treat heart rhythm problems due to severe dehydration.
The film-coated tablets are round and white with 'S6' stamped on one side. They are available in packs of 28 or 56 tablets.

What Indapamide 2.5mg Tablets contain

• The active ingredient is indapamide 2.5mg.

• The other ingredients are microcrystalline cellulose, magnesium stearate, lactose, croscarmellose sodium, hypromellose, macrogol 400 and titanium dioxide.

What Indapamide 2.5mg Tablets look like and contents of the pack

• The tablets are scored and may be snapped in two to make two tablets.

Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to dispose of medicines correctly.

WHAT ARE INDAPAMIDE TABLETS USED FOR?

Indapamide tablets are used to help control high blood pressure. Indapamide tablets are not a cure for high blood pressure. You should continue to take your tablets even if you feel well. You should only stop taking Indapamide tablets if your doctor tells you to.

Indapamide tablets help keep your blood pressure normal so that it does not damage the sensitive lining of the blood vessels which can make your heart work too hard. If your blood pressure is too high, it could cause or worsen:

- Feelings of tiredness
- Loss of appetite
- Headaches
- Stomach upsets
- Low blood pressure

Indapamide tablets work by making your kidneys keep less salt and water in your body.

In some people, high blood pressure may cause more frequent urination, particularly at night.

WHAT ARE THE POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS OF INDAPAMIDE TABLETS?

Some of the side effects that may happen are:

• Nausea (feeling sick) or indigestion;
• Dizziness, lightheadedness, fainting when you stand or sit up quickly (due to low blood pressure);
• Feeling tired, weak, confused and have muscles that ache, or stiff or do not work well (due to low sodium levels in your blood);
• Loss of appetite (anorexia), indigestion;
• Loss of appetite (anorexia);
• Low blood pressure (hypotension);
• Abnormal ECG heart trace;
• Decrease in white blood cells which may cause unexplained fever, soreness of the throat or other flu-like symptoms. If this occurs, contact your doctor and a blood test should be carried out;
• Increase in liver enzymes (causing jaundice);
• Low potassium in the blood, which may cause muscle weakness;
• Changes in blood test results may occur.

• Indapamide tablets do not need any special storage conditions.
• Keep out of the reach and sight of children.
• Keep the tablets in the original container until you have to take them. Throw away any tablets that are no longer needed. They may be harmful if taken by children.

WHAT ARE THERE ANY POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS?

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet.

Keep out of the reach and sight of children.

• Do not use indapamide after the expiry date which is stated on the carton. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Tell your doctor if you notice any side effects not listed in this leaflet.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if any of the following side effects get serious or lasts longer than a few days.

Cases of photosensitivity reactions (change in skin appearance) after exposure to the sun or artificial UVA have also been reported.

If you get an irregular heartbeat (Torsade de pointes), which could be life-threatening.

If you feel irritable and your muscles twitch. This may be due to an imbalance in your blood called metabolic alkalosis.

In very rare cases, contact your doctor and an intravenous infusion (IV drip) may be needed to replace the low sodium level in your body.

If you get more infections than usual or bruise more easily.

If you get a severe skin rash. It may cause swelling of the throat, tongue or airways resulting in shortness of breath or difficulty in swallowing. If this occurs, contact your doctor immediately.

If you get a severe skin rash.

If you feel tired, weak and tired, confused.

If you develop low blood pressure which may cause you to faint.

If you feel tired and have no energy.

If you get a skin rash that is itchy and tingling.

If you feel the following side effects:

Some changes may occur in your blood and your doctor may need to give you blood tests to check your condition.

- Changes in your blood test results may occur.
- You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if any of the following side effects get serious or last longer than a few days. Also tell them if you notice any side effects not listed in this leaflet.

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

• Headache;
• Tiredness;
• Indigestion;
• Feeling of tiredness;
• Dizziness;
• Thirst;
PM/GMID CODE: 640690
PRODUCT NAME: Indapamide
DOSAGE: 2.5Mg
PHARM. FORM: Tablets
AW VERSION: V3
AW CREATION DATE: 22/05/2016
PLANT NAME: BUCHAREST
AW BY: L.Florea
CHANGE CONTROL: Update of leaflet text.

GENERAL INFORMATION

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

FORMAT (size): 148x420 mm
NUMBER OF COLORS: 1
MATERIAL: STMAS 7_2011 - Prospect gramaj 40 - 45 g_m2
BLACK
LAETUS(pharma code): (3450)
SERIALIZATION: NO
FONTS USED/MIN. SIZE: Helvetica/8 pt.
 DESIGN: Zentiva UK