

Package leaflet: information for the user **Noradrenaline (Norepinephrine)** 1 mg/ml concentrate for solution for infusion

noradrenaline

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start using this medicine because it contains important

information for you.
Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or nurse.

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet

1. What Noradrenaline is and what it is used for

2. What you need to know before you are given Noradrenaline

3. How Noradrenaline will be given

4. Possible side effects5. How to store Noradrenaline

6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Noradrenaline is and what it is used for

Noradrenaline (Norepinephrine) 1 mg/ml concentrate for solution for infusion contains the active substance noradrenaline and act as a vasoconstrictor (causes narrowing of blood vessels).

Noradrenaline is used in adults in an emergency to increase blood pressure to normal levels.

2. What you need to know before you are given Noradrenaline

You should not be given Noradrenaline
if you are allergic to noradrenaline or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in

if you have low blood pressure that has been caused by low blood volume if you receive some anaesthetics such as

halothane or cyclopropane (this may increase the risk of irregular heart beat).

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor or nurse before you are given noradrenaline if you:

have diabetes

have liver failure have severe kidney disorders

suffer from high blood pressure

have an over-active thyroid gland have low levels of oxygen in the blood have high levels of carbon dioxide in the blood

have elevated pressure inside the skull (intracranial pressure)

have clots or obstructions in the blood vessels supplying the heart, intestines, or other parts of the body

have low blood pressure following a heart attack have a type of angina (chest pain) called

Prinzmetal's angina

have major left ventricular dysfunction (a heart condition)

have recently had myocardial infarction have cardiac rhythm disorders (your heart beats

too fast, too slow or irregular), you will need a reduced dose

are elderly

Children and adolescents

The safety and efficacy of noradrenaline in children less than 18 years of age has not been established. Therefore use in children is not recommended.

Other medicines and Noradrenaline

Tell your doctor or nurse if you are using, have recently used or might use any other medicines. It is particularly important if you use or have recently used any of the following medicines:

medicines to treat depression called 'monoamine oxidase inhibitors' that are currently being taken or have been taken in the last 14 days

medicines to treat depression called 'tricyclic antidepressants' e.g. imipramine or desipramine adrenergic-serotoninergic medicines, e.g. used

in the treatment of asthma and heart conditions

linezolid (an antibiotic)

anaesthetics (especially anaesthetic gases such as cyclopropane, halothane, chloroform, enflurane)

medicines to treat high blood pressure (e.g. guanethidine, reserpine, methyldopa, alpha and beta-blockers)

medicines to treat heart rhythm disorders

cardiac glycosides (to treat heart diseases) levodopa (to treat Parkinson's disease)

thyroid hormones

oxytocin (used to improve uterine contractions)

antihistamines (for treating allergies)

amphetamine

doxapram (for breathing disorders)

mazindol (to treat obesity)

medicines to treat migraine (ergot alkaloids) lithium (to treat some mental disorders)

Using noradrenaline with propofol (an anaesthetic) may lead to propofol infusion syndrome (PRIS), which is a serious condition that affects patients who are being sedated with propofol in intensive care units. Your doctor would notice disorders in your body's metabolism from blood tests and this could lead to kidney failure, heart failure and death.

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor for advice before this medicine is given to you. Noradrenaline may harm the unborn baby. Your doctor will decide if you should be given noradrenaline.

It is not known whether this medicine is excreted in human milk. Because many medicines are excreted in human milk, caution should be exercised when noradrenaline is given to a nursing woman.

Driving and using machinesNo information is available. Therefore, driving or operating machinery is not recommended.

Noradrenaline contains sodium

Ampoules containing 1 ml, 2 ml, 4 ml or 5 ml of concentrate for solution for infusion contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per ampoule, that is to say essentially 'sodium-free'.

Each ampoule containing 8 ml of concentrate for solution for infusion contains 26.4 mg sodium (main component of cooking/table salt). This is equivalent to 1.32 % of the recommended maximum daily dietary intake of sodium for an adult.

Each ampoule containing 10 ml of concentrate for solution for infusion contains 33 mg sodium (main component of cooking/table salt). This is equivalent to 1.65 % of the recommended maximum daily dietary intake of sodium for an adult.

3. How Noradrenaline will be given

Noradrenaline will be given to you in hospital by a doctor or nurse. It is first diluted and then infused into a vein.

The initial dose of noradrenaline will depend on your medical condition. The usual dose is between 0.4 mg and 0.8 mg noradrenaline per hour. Your doctor will determine the correct dose for you. After the initial dose your doctor will assess your response and adjust the dose accordingly.

Your doctor will monitor your blood pressure and blood volume.

If you are given more Noradrenaline than you should

It is unlikely that you will receive too much as this medicine will be given to you in hospital. However, talk to your doctor or nurse if you have any concerns.

Symptoms that may occur if you are given too much noradrenaline are severe high blood pressure, slow heartbeat, violent headache, light sensitivity, pain in the chest, bleeding in the brain, pallor, fever, intense sweating and vomiting, fluid in the lungs causing breathlessness.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Tell your doctor or nurse **immediately** if you

sudden itchy rash (hives), swelling of the hands, feet, ankles, face, lips, mouth or throat (which may cause difficulty in swallowing or breathing),

feeling that you are going to faint pain and/or swelling at the injection site.

Tell your doctor or nurse as soon as possible if

you experience: anxiety, insomnia, confusion, weakness, psychotic

state headaches, tremor

decreased or increased heart rate

abnormal heart rhythm

The following information is intended for healthcare professionals only:

Method of administration

Intravenous use after dilution. Administer as a diluted solution via a central venous catheter. The infusion should be at a controlled rate using either a syringe pump or an infusion pump or a drip counter. Do not use undiluted.

<u>Incompatibilities</u>

Infusion solutions containing noradrenaline tartrate have been reported to be incompatible with the following substances: iron salts, alkalis and oxidising agents, barbiturates, chlorpheniramine, chlorothiazide, nitrofurantoin, novobiocin, phenytoin, sodium bicarbonate, sodium iodide, streptomycin, sulfadiazine, sulfafurazole. This medicinal product must not be mixed with other medicinal products except those mentioned below.

Dilution instructions

For single use only. Discard any unused contents.

The solution should be visually inspected prior to use. The medicine should not be used if the solution

contains visible particles/solids. Do not use the solution for infusion if it has a brown colour.

Dilute before use with:

glucose 50 mg/ml (5%) solution or

sodium chloride 9 mg/ml (0.9%) solution or sodium chloride 9 mg/ml (0.9%) with glucose 50 mg/ml (5%) solution.

Either add 2 ml concentrate to 48 ml glucose 50 mg/ml (5%) solution (or any of the other above mentioned solutions for dilution) for administration by syringe pump, or add 20 ml of concentrate to 480 ml glucose 50 mg/ml (5%) solution (or any of the other above mentioned solutions for dilution) for administration by drip counter. In both cases the final concentration of the infusion solution is 40 mg/litre noradrenaline (which is equivalent to 80 mg/litre noradrenaline tartrate). Dilutions other than 40 mg/litre noradrenaline may also be used. If dilutions other than 40 mg/litre noradrenaline are used, check the infusion rate calculation carefully before starting treatment.

The product is compatible with polyvinyl chloride (PVC), ethyl vinyl acetate (EVA) or polyethylene (PE) infusion bags.

electrocardiogram change

a potentially life-threatening type of circulatory failure called 'cardiogenic shock' heart muscle weakness due to intense physical

or emotional stress, palpitations, increase in the contractility of the heart muscle

high blood pressure, decrease in oxygen supply

to some organ (hypoxia) poor blood flow to your hands and feet (may cause coldness, paleness and/or pain in the limbs)

gangrene (tissue death)

reduction in blood plasma volume

breathing difficulties

- paleness, scarification of the skin, bluish skin colour, hot flushes or skin redness, skin rash, hives or itching
- nausea, vomiting

retention of urine

irritation or ulceration at the injection site

In case of hypersensitivity or overdose, the following effects may appear more frequently: very high blood pressure, abnormal sensitivity to or intolerance of light, pain behind the breast bone, pharyngeal pain, pallor, intense sweating and vomiting.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via:

UK: Yellow Card Scheme. Website: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple

IE: HPRA Pharmacovigilance, Website:

www.hpra.ie By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. How to store Noradrenaline

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not store above 25 °C.

Keep the ampoules in the outer carton in order to protect from light.

Shelf life after opening the ampoule Once opened, the diluted solution should be prepared immediately.

Shelf life after dilution Chemical and physical in-use stability has been demonstrated for 48 hours at 25 °C and 2-8 °C when diluted to 4 mg/litre and 40 mg/litre noradrenaline in sodium chloride 9 mg/ml (0.9%) solution or glucose 50 mg/ml (5%) solution, or sodium chloride 9 mg/ml (0.9%) with glucose 50 mg/ml (5%) solution.

From a microbiological point of view, the diluted solution should be used immediately. If not used immediately, in-use storage times and conditions prior to use are the responsibility of the user and would normally not be longer than 24 hours at 2 to 8 °C, unless dilution has taken place in controlled and validated aseptic conditions.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and ampoule label after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Noradrenaline contains

The active substance is noradrenaline.

Each 1 ml of concentrate for solution for infusion contains noradrenaline tartrate equivalent to 1 mg noradrenaline.

Each ampoule containing 2 ml of concentrate for solution for infusion contains noradrenaline tartrate equivalent to 2 mg noradrenaline.

Each ampoule containing 4 ml of concentrate for solution for infusion contains noradrenaline tartrate

equivalent to 4 mg noradrenaline. Each ampoule containing 5 ml of concentrate for solution for infusion contains noradrenaline tartrate

equivalent to 5 mg noradrenaline. Each ampoule containing 8 ml of concentrate for solution for infusion contains noradrenaline tartrate equivalent to 8 mg noradrenaline.

Each ampoule containing 10 ml of concentrate for solution for infusion contains noradrenaline tartrate equivalent to 10 mg noradrenaline.

The other ingredients are sodium chloride, hydrochloric acid (for pH adjustment), water for injections

What Noradrenaline looks like and contents of

Clear, colourless or yellowish solution, practically free from visible particles.

1 ml, 2 ml, 4 ml, 5 ml, 8 ml or 10 ml of solution filled in colourless glass ampoules with one point cut. The ampoules are packed in a liner and placed into carton box.

Pack sizes: 5 or 10 ampoules

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Marketing authorisation holder AS KALCEKS Krustpils iela 53, Rīga, LV-1057, Latvia Tel.: +371 67083320

E-mail: kalceks@kalceks.lv

Manufacturer AS KALCEKS

Germany

Slovakia

Krustpils iela 71E, Rīga, LV-1057, Latvia

This medicine is authorised in the Member States of the European Economic Area and in the United Kingdom (Northern Ireland) under the following names:

Noradrenalin Kalceks Denmark Austria

Norepinephrin Kalceks 1 mg/ml Konzentrat zur Herstellung einer Infusionslösung

Belgium Noradrenaline (Norepinephrine)

Kalceks I mg/ml concentraat voor oplossing voor infusie / solution à diluer pour perfusion / Konzentrat zur Herstellung einer Infusionslösung

Norepinephrine Kalceks Czech Republic Norepinephrine Kalceks Noradrenalin Kalceks NORADRENALINE Estonia Finland France TARTRATE KALCEKS 1 mg/mL, solution à diluer pour

perfusion Norepinephrin Kalceks 1 mg/ml Konzentrat zur Herstellung

einer Infusionslösung Hungary Norepinephrine Kalceks 1 mg/ml koncentrátum oldatos infúzióhoz Noradrenaline (Norepinephrine) Ireland

1 mg/ml concentrate for solution for infusion Norepinefrina Kalceks Italy Norepinephrine Kalceks 1 mg/ml koncentrāts infūziju šķīduma Latvia

pagatavošanai Norepinephrine Kalceks 1 mg/ml koncentratas infuziniam tirpalui Lithuania

Noradrenalin Kalceks Norway Noradrenalin Kalceks Poland Noradrenalina Kalceks Noradrenalină Kalceks 1 mg/ml Portugal Romania concentrat pentru soluție

perfuzabilă Norepinephrine Kalceks 1 mg/ml infúzny koncentrát Noradrenalina Kalceks 1 mg/ml

Spain concentrado para solución para perfusión EFG Sweden Noradrenalin Kalceks The Netherlands Noradrenaline Kalceks 1 mg/ml

concentraat voor oplossing voor infusie

United Kingdom (Northern Ireland) Noradrenaline (Norepinephrine) 1 mg/ml concentrate for solution for infusion

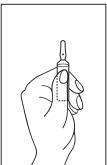
This leaflet was last revised in 02/2022

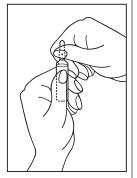
Instruction of ampoule opening

1) Turn the ampoule with coloured point up. If there is any solution in the upper part of the ampoule, gently tap with your finger to get all the solution to the lower part of the ampoule.

2) Use both hands to open; while holding the

lower part of the ampoule in one hand, use the other hand to break off the upper part of the ampoule in the direction away from the coloured point (see the pictures below).





Any unused medicinal product or waste material should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

Place for AS Kalceks internal code Place for manufacturer internal code