Package leaflet: Information for the patient

### Bimatoprost/Timolol

### 0.3mg/ml + 5mg/ml eye drops, solution

Bimatoprost/timolol

### Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start using this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- · Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor, pharmacist or nurse.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

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# 1. What Bimatoprost/Timolol is and what it is used for

This medicine contains two different active substances (bimatoprost and timolol) that both reduce pressure in the eye. Bimatoprost belongs to a group of medicines called prostamides, a prostaglandin analogue. Timolol belongs to a group of medicines called beta-blockers. Your eye contains a clear, watery liquid that feeds the inside of the eye. Liquid is

constantly being drained out of the eye and new liquid is made to replace this. If the liquid cannot drain out quickly enough, the pressure inside the eye builds up and could eventually damage your sight (an illness called glaucoma). Bimatoprost/Timolol works by reducing the production of liquid and also increasing the amount of liquid that is drained. This reduces the pressure inside the eye.

Bimatoprost/Timolol eye drops are used to treat high pressure in the eye in adults, including the elderly. This high pressure can lead to glaucoma. Your doctor will prescribe you Bimatoprost/Timolol when other eye drops containing beta-blockers or drops containing beta-blockers or prostaglandin analogues have not worked sufficiently on their own.

## 2. What you need to know before you use Bimatoprost/Timolol Do not use Bimatoprost/Timolol:

### if you are allergic to bimatoprost, timolol,

- beta-blockers or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6) if you have now or have had in the past respiratory problems such as asthma
- and/or severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (lung disease which may cause wheeziness, difficulty in breathing and/or long-standing cough) or other types of breathing problems if you have heart problems such as low heart rate, heart block, or heart failure
- Warnings and precautions

### Before you use this medicine, tell your doctor if you have now or have had in the past:

coronary heart disease (symptoms can include chest pain or tightness, breathlessness or choking), heart failure,

- low blood pressure disturbances of heart rate such as slow heartbeat breathing problems, asthma or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
- poor blood circulation disease . (such as Raynaud's disease or
- Raynaud's syndrome) overactivity of the thyroid gland as timolol may mask signs and symptoms of thyroid disease
- diabetes as timolol may mask signs and symptoms of low blood sugar severe allergic reactions
- · liver or kidney problems eye surface problems separation of one of the layers within
- the eyeball after surgery to reduce the pressure in the eye
- (swelling of the retina within the eye
- leading to worsening vision), for example, cataract surgery Tell your doctor before surgical anaesthesia that you are using this medicine as timolol

known risk factors for macular oedema

may change the effect of some medicines used during anaesthesia. During treatment, this medicine may cause a loss of fat around the eye, which may cause your eyelid crease to deepen, your

eye to appear sunken (enophthalmos), your

upper eyelid to droop (ptosis), the skin around your eye to tighten (involution of dermatochalasis) and the lower white part of your eye to become more visible (inferior scleral show). The changes are typically mild, but if pronounced, they can affect your field of vision. The changes may disappear if you stop taking this medicine. Bimatoprost/ Timolol may also cause your eyelashes to darken and grow, and cause the skin around the eyelid to darken too. The colour of your iris may also go darker. These changes may be permanent. The change may be more when in contact with the skin surface. Children and adolescents Bimatoprost/Timolol should not be used in children and teenagers under 18. Other medicines and Bimatoprost/Timolol

affected by other medicines you are using, including other eye drops for the treatment of glaucoma. Please tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines Tell your doctor if you are using or intend to use medicines to lower blood pressure,

Bimatoprost/Timolol can affect or be

heart medicine, medicines to treat diabetes. quinidine (used to treat heart conditions and some types of malaria) or medicines to treat depression known as fluoxetine and paroxetine.

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine. Do

not use Bimatoprost/Timolol if you are pregnant unless your doctor still

recommends it.

### Pregnancy and breast-feeding

day to work properly. noticeable if you are only treating one eye. Bimatoprost/Timolol may cause hair growth pharmacist or nurse. 4. Possible side effects

Do not use Bimatoprost/Timolol if you are breast-feeding. Timolol may get into your breast milk. Ask your doctor for advice before taking any medicine during breast-feeding. **Driving and using machines** Bimatoprost/Timolol may cause blurred

vision in some patients. Do not drive or use machines until the symptoms have cleared.

### This medicine contains benzalkonium chloride

This medicine contains 0.15mg benzalkonium chloride in each 3ml of solution which is equivalent to 0.05mg/ml. Benzalkonium chloride may be absorbed

by soft contact lenses and may change the colour of the contact lenses. You

should remove contact lenses before using this medicine and put them back 15 minutes afterwards. Benzalkonium chloride may also cause eye irritation, especially if you have dry eyes or disorders of the cornea (the clear layer at

the front of the eye). If you feel abnormal eye sensation, stinging or pain in the eye after using this medicine, talk to your doctor. This medicine contains 2.94mg phosphate in each 3ml of solution which is equivalent to 0.98mg/ml.

If you suffer from severe damage to the clear layer at the front of the eye (the cornea), phosphates may cause in very rare cases cloudy patches on the cornea due to calcium build-up during treatment (see section 4).

## 3. How to use Bimatoprost/Timolol Always use Bimatoprost/Timolol exactly

as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure. The usual dose is one drop once a day

either in the morning or in the evening in each eye that needs treatment. Use at the same time each day. Instructions for use

#### You must not use the bottle if the tamperproof seal on the bottle neck is broken

before you first use it.



- there is a small pocket. 3. Turn the bottle upside down and squeeze
- it to release one drop into each eye that needs treatment.
- 4. Let go of the lower lid, and close your eye. 5. Whilst keeping the eye closed, press your finger against the corner of the closed eye

(the site where the eye meets the nose) and hold for 2 minutes. This helps to stop Bimatoprost/Timolol getting into the rest of the body.

If a drop misses your eye, try again. To avoid contamination, do not let the tip of the bottle touch your eye or anything else. Put the cap back on and close the bottle straight after you have used it. If you use this medicine with another eye

medicine, leave at least 5 minutes between putting in Bimatoprost/Timolol and the other

medicine. Use any eye ointment or eye

If you use more Bimatoprost/Timolol than you should If you use more Bimatoprost/Timolol than you should, it is unlikely to cause you any serious harm. Put your next dose in at the

#### If you forget to use Bimatoprost/Timolol If you forget to use Bimatoprost/Timolol,

usual time. If you are worried, talk to your

use a single drop as soon as you remember, and then go back to your regular routine. Do not use a double dose to make up for a forgotten dose. If you stop using

### **Bimatoprost/Timolol** Bimatoprost/Timolol should be used every

doctor or pharmacist.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor,

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them. You can usually carry on taking the

drops, unless the effects are serious.

If you're worried, talk to your doctor or

### pharmacist. Do not stop using Bimatoprost/ Timolol without speaking to your doctor. The following side effects may be seen with

Affecting the eye

redness

Bimatoprost/Timolol formulation: Very common side effects These may affect more than 1 user in 10

· loss of fat in the eye region which can lead to deepening of your eyelid crease, sunken eye (enophthalmos), drooping eyelid (ptosis), tightening of the skin around your eye (involution of dermatochalasis), and the lower white part of your eye to become more visible (inferior scleral show).

#### Common side effects

These may affect 1 to 9 users in 100

#### Affecting the eye

- burning, itching, stinging, irritation of the conjunctiva (see-through layer of the eye)
- sensitivity to light, eye pain, sticky eyes, dry eyes, a feeling of something in
- small breaks in the surface of the eye with or without inflammation
- difficulty in seeing clearly
- redness and itching of the eyelids, hair growing around the eye, darkening of the eyelids, darker skin colour around the eyes
- · longer eyelashes, eye irritation, watery eyes, swollen eyelids, reduced vision.

### Affecting other parts of the body

- runny nose
- headache.

#### Uncommon side effects

These may affect 1 to 9 users in 1,000

#### Affecting the eye

- abnormal sensation in the eye
- iris inflammation, swollen conjunctiva (see-through layer of the eye)
- painful eyelids, tired eyes, in-growing evelashes
- darkening of iris colour
- eyes appear sunken
- eyelid drooping, eyelid shrinking (moving away from the surface of the eye, leading to incomplete closure of the eyelid), skin tightness of the eyelids
- darkening of eyelashes.

### Affecting other parts of the body

shortness of breath.

#### Side effects where the frequency is not known Affecting the eye

cystoid macular oedema (swelling of

#### the retina within the eye leading to worsening vision)

- eye swelling blurred vision
- ocular discomfort.

#### Affecting other parts of the body difficulty breathing/wheezing

- symptoms of allergic reaction (swelling
- redness of the eye and rash of the skin)
- changes in your taste sensation
- dizziness
- slowing of heart rate
- · high blood pressure
- difficulty sleeping
- nightmare
- asthma
- hair loss
- skin discolouration (periocular)

Additional side effects have been seen in patients using eye drops containing timolol or bimatoprost and so may possibly be seen with Bimatoprost/Timolol. Like other medicines applied into eyes, timolol is absorbed into the blood. This may cause similar side effects as seen with intravenous and/or oral beta-blocking agents. The chance of having side effects

after using eye drops is lower than when medicines are for example, taken by mouth or injected. Listed side effects include reactions seen within bimatoprost and timolol when used for treating eye Severe allergic reactions with swelling and difficulty breathing which could be

- life-threatening Low blood sugar Depression; memory loss; hallucination
- Fainting; stroke; decreased blood flow to the brain; worsening of myasthenia gravis (increased muscle weakness);
- tingling sensation Decreased sensation of your eye surface; double vision; drooping eyelid; separation of one of the layers within the eyeball
- after surgery to reduce the pressure in the eye; inflammation of the surface of the eye, bleeding in the back of the eye (retinal bleeding), inflammation within the eye, increased blinking Heart failure; irregularity or stopping of the heartbeat; slow or fast heartbeat; too much fluid, mainly water, accumulating in the body; chest pain
- Low blood pressure; swelling or coldness of your hands, feet and extremities, caused by constriction of your blood vessels Cough, worsening of asthma, worsening
- of the lung disease called chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) Diarrhoea; stomach pain; feeling and being sick; indigestion; dry mouth
- · Red scaly patches on skin; skin rash Muscle pain
- sexual dysfunction Weakness · An increase in blood test results that
- show how your liver is working

Reduced sexual urge;

#### Other side effects reported with eye drops containing phosphates

In very rare cases, some patients with severe damage to the clear layer at the front of the eye (the cornea) have developed cloudy patches on the cornea due to calcium build-up during treatment.

### Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist, or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme (website: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store). By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

### 5. How to store Bimatoprost/Timolol

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the bottle label and the carton after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

This medicine does not require any special storage conditions.

After the first opening: do not store this medicine above 25°C. Once opened, solutions may become

contaminated, which can cause eye infections. Therefore, you must throw away the bottle 4 weeks after you first opened it, even if some solution is left. To help you remember, write down the date that you opened it in the space on the carton Do not throw away any medicines via

wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help to protect the environment.

## 6. Contents of the pack and other information

### What Bimatoprost/Timolol contains

The active substances are bimatoprost 0.3mg/ml and timolol 5mg/ml corresponding to timolol maleate 6.8mg/ml.

The other ingredients are disodium phosphate anhydrous, benzalkonium chloride (a preservative), sodium chloride, citric acid monohydrate, hydrochloric acid, sodium hydroxide, water for injection.

#### What Bimatoprost/Timolol looks like and contents of the pack Bimatoprost/Timolol is a colourless to

slightly yellow, clear eye drop solution in a plastic bottle. Each pack contains either 1 or 3 plastic bottles each with a screw-cap. Each bottle is about half full and contains 3 millilitres of solution. This is enough for 4 weeks usage. Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

### **Marketing Authorisation Holder** and Manufacturer **Marketing Authorisation Holder**

#### Aspire Pharma Limited Unit 4, Rotherbrook Court

**Bedford Road** Petersfield Hampshire **GU32 3QG** United Kingdom Manufacturer

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