Selexid® 200 mg Film-coated Tablets

1. What Selexid® is and what it is used for

Selexid is used to treat:
- Infections of the bladder or tubes leading from the kidneys (urinary tract infections).
- Infections caused by a bacteria called Salmonella (salmonellosis).
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Selexid works by killing germs (bacteria) that cause infections. If the infection is not treated, germs can continue to grow in your body. The infection will make you feel very unwell, and could even be life-threatening.
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- Infections caused by a bacteria called Salmonella (salmonellosis).

You must talk to a doctor if you do not feel better or if you feel worse after completing your prescribed course of Selexid.

2. What you need to know before you take Selexid®

Do not take Selexid:
- If you are allergic (hypersensitive) to pivmecillinam hydrochloride or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6).
- If you have any of the following medicines:
  - Methotrexate: for arthritis or psoriasis. You may need to take a different dose of methotrexate.
  - Probenecid: for gout. This may increase the effect of Selexid.
  - Valtic: for valproic acid or valproate: for epilepsy.
  - Any other antibiotic: for treating an infection which you have bought without a prescription.

Other medicines and Selexid
Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking any of the following medicines:
- Methotrexate: for arthritis or psoriasis. You may need to take a different dose of methotrexate.
- Probenecid: for gout. This may increase the effect of Selexid.
- Valtic: for valproic acid or valproate: for epilepsy.
- Any other antibiotic: for treating an infection which you have bought without a prescription.

If your kidneys and liver are working properly. Your doctor may take regular blood tests. This is to check if your kidneys and liver are working properly.

3. How to take Selexid®

Your doctor will tell you how many tablets to take, or give to your child. Your doctor will tell you how many times each day to take your medicine. Check with your doctor if you feel any side effect that may stop you from driving or using machines.

Driving and using machines
Usually your medicine may have very little effect on your ability to drive or use machines. Check with your doctor if you feel any side effect that may stop you from driving or using machines.

3. How to take Selexid®

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

How much Selexid to take
Your doctor will tell you how many tablets to take, or give to your child. Your doctor will tell you how many times each day to take your medicine. You should take the medicine at equally spaced times in the day.

Remember to always swallow the tablets whole during or immediately after a meal and with at least half a glass of fluid, while sitting or standing.

If you take Selexid for a long time, your doctor may take regular blood tests. This is to check if your kidneys and liver are working properly.

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Remember to always swallow the tablets whole during or immediately after a meal and with at least half a glass of fluid, while sitting or standing.
It is very important to take all the medicine your doctor has told you to take.

Urinary Tract Infections:
- Adults and children weighing more than 40 kg:
  - Acute infection: The usual starting dose is 2 tablets taken immediately. Then take 1 tablet every 8 hours. Continue until you have taken all 10 tablets in the pack.
  - Repeated infection: The usual dose is 6 - 8 tablets each day. Take 2 tablets three or four times each day.
- For other type of infections or for children weighing less than 40 kg:
  - Your doctor will prescribe the right dose for you.

If you take more Selexid than you should
Tell your doctor straight away. You may need to stop taking this medicine.

If you forget to take Selexid
If you forget to take your medicine, take it as soon as you can. If you can, take it during or immediately after a meal, but always take with half a glass of water, while sitting or standing. Then take the next dose at the usual time.

If you stop taking Selexid
It is very important to take all the medicine that your doctor has told you to take. You must finish this medicine even if you feel better. You must do this because otherwise you may feel ill again.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. Possible side effects
Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Important side effects to look out for:
- You must get urgent medical help if you have any of the following symptoms. You may be having an allergic reaction:
  - You have difficulty breathing.
  - Your face or throat swell.
  - Your skin develops a severe rash or areas of sudden swelling.
- You must get urgent medical help if you have the following symptoms:
  - Severe diarrhoea caused by inflammation of the colon (large intestine).

Other possible side effects:
- Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people)
  - Feeling sick (nausea).
  - Diarrhoea.
  - Infection or inflammation of the vagina (Vulvovaginal mycotic infection).
- Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people)
  - Being sick (vomiting).
  - Inflammation of the colon (large intestine), causing diarrhoea (usually with blood and mucus) and stomach pain.
  - Stomach pain.
  - Indigestion.
  - Trouble chewing or swallowing your food. This may be due to mouth ulcers, ulcers in your food pipe or inflammation of your food pipe, from taking the tablets with insufficient fluids.
  - Bruising or bleeding more easily.
  - Getting a fever or infections more often. This may be due to a change in certain types of cells found in your body.
  - Muscle weakness or muscle loss. This may be due to a decrease in the amount of a substance called carnitine in your body.
  - Headache.
  - Dizziness.
  - Light-headedness.
  - Yellowing of the skin or eyes.
  - Unusually dark urine.
  - Small changes in blood test results. Your doctor can explain this more.
  - Rash.
  - Hives (urticaria).
  - Itching skin (pruritus).
  - Tiredness or lack of energy.

Reporting of side effects
If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at www.mhra.gov.uk/yellows. By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. How to store Selexid®
- Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.
- Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.
- Store below 25°C in a dry place.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information
- What Selexid contains
  - The active substance is pivmecillinam hydrochloride.
  - Selexid contains 200 milligrams of pivmecillinam hydrochloride in each tablet.
  - The other ingredients are cellulose microcrystalline, hydroxypropylcellulose, magnesium stearate, hypromellose, simethicone and synthetic paraffin.
- What Selexid looks like and contents of the pack
  - Selexid is a white tablet. There is a picture of a lion on one side of the tablet. The other side has 137 written on it.
  - Selexid comes in blister packs of 10 and 18 tablets. Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer
- Manufacturer: Recipharm Strängnäs AB, Mariefredvägen 35, 5-440 41 Strängnäs, Sweden.

This leaflet was last revised in April 2016.

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