Paracetamol Effervescent Tablets contain Paracetamol, which is a mild pain killer and reduces the body temperature in fever. The tablets are recommended for use in treatment of mild to moderate pain and/or fever.

Do not take Paracetamol Effervescent Tablets

- If you are allergic (hypersensitive) to Paracetamol, or any of the ingredients of Paracetamol effervescent tablets.

**Warnings and precautions**

Tell your doctor if you:
- Are suffering from liver problems including liver problems due to excessive alcohol consumption
- Gilbert’s syndrome (mild jaundice)
- Are suffering from kidney problems
- Are suffering from dehydration and chronic malnutrition
- Suffer from asthma and are sensitive to aspirin
- Are taking any other paracetamol containing medicines
- Have a fever that does not improve after taking this medicine
- Have glucose-6-phosphatedehydrogenase deficiency (enzyme deficiency)
• Have hemolytic anemia (abnormal breakdown of red blood cells).

Other medicines and Paracetamol Effervescent Tablets

Please tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines, including those you have bought without a prescription.

Tell your doctor before you take Paracetamol Effervescent Tablets if you are taking:
• Drugs to thin the blood (anti-coagulant drugs e.g. Warfarin, other coumarins)
• Medicines used to relieve sickness (e.g. Metoclopramide, Domperidone)
• Medicines used to treat high cholesterol (Cholestyramine)
• Probenecid (Medicine used to treat high levels of uric acid in the blood stream (gout))
• Medicine to treat fever or mild pain (Aspirin, Salicylamide)
• Barbiturates and tricyclic antidepressants (to treat depression)
• Medicines used to treat epilepsy (Lamotrigine)
• Medicines to treat tuberculosis (Isoniazid)

Effects of paracetamol on laboratory tests
Uric acid and blood sugar tests may be affected.

Paracetamol Effervescent Tablets with food and drink
This medicine may be taken with or without food.

Pregnancy and breast-feeding
Ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking any medicine.
If you are pregnant see your doctor before you take Paracetamol effervescent Tablets. Small amounts of paracetamol pass into breast milk. This medicine may be taken, as instructed (see section 3), by mothers who are breastfeeding.

Driving and using machines
Paracetamol has no influence on the ability to drive and use machines.

Paracetamol Effervescent Tablets contains sodium and sorbitol
This medicinal product contains 503mg of sodium. The maximum recommended daily dose of this medicinal product contains 4024mg sodium (found in table salt). This is equivalent to 201.2% of the adult recommended maximum daily dietary intake for sodium.
Talk to your pharmacist or doctor if you need Paracetamol Effervescent Tablets on a daily basis for a prolonged period of time, especially if you have been advised to have a low salt diet.

This medicinal product contains sorbitol. If you have been told by your doctor that you have intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicinal product.

3. How to take Paracetamol Effervescent Tablets

Method of Administration
Paracetamol 500 mg Effervescent Tablets are for oral administration. The tablet(s) should be placed in a full tumbler of water and allowed to dissolve completely before swallowing.

This presentation is reserved for use in adults and in adolescents aged 12 years and above.

Children and adolescents:
Children below 12 years of age: Do not give to children younger than 12 years.
Adolescents of 12 to 15 years and weighing 41 to 50 kg, the recommended dose is one tablet to be taken every 4-6 hours when necessary to a maximum of 4 doses in 24 hours. Maximum single dose is 500mg (1 effervescent tablet)

Adolescents of 16 to 18 years and weighing more than 50kg: as adults.

Adults and children 16 years and older:
The recommended dose is one or two tablets every 4 – 6 hours when necessary up to four times daily. Maximum dose of 8 tablets in 24 hours. Maximum single dose is 1g (2 effervescent tablets)

If the pain persists for more than 5 days or the fever lasts for more than 3 days, or gets worse or other symptoms appear, you should stop the treatment and consult a doctor.

Do not take more medicine than the label or leaflet tells you too.

If you take more Paracetamol Effervescent Tablets than you should:
Talk to a doctor at once if you take too much of this medicine even if you feel well. This is because too much paracetamol can cause delayed, serious liver damage.

If you forget to take Paracetamol Effervescent Tablets:
If you forget to take a dose, take another as soon as you remember, unless it is almost time for your next dose. Remember to leave atleast four hours between doses. Never double-up on a dose to make up for the one you have missed.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

### 4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, Paracetamol Effervescent Tablets can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

- accumulation of fluid in the larynx including an itchy rash, throat swelling (severe allergic reaction),
- swelling on the face, mouth, hands (angioedema)
You should stop taking Paracetamol Effervescent Tablets and see your doctor immediately if you experience symptoms like:

- Serious skin disease causing rash, skin peeling and sores.
- Severe blistering and peeling of the skin.

The frequency using the following convention:

**Rare (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people):**
Oedema (abnormal accumulation of fluid under the skin), abnormal vision, simple skin rash or urticaria (dark red rash on the skin), haemorrhage (bleeding), abdominal pain, diarrhoea, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, fever, reduction of irritability or agitation (sedation), platelet disorders (clotting disorders), stem cell disorders (disorders of the blood forming cell in the bone marrow), abnormal liver function, liver failure, hepatic necrosis (death of liver cells), jaundice, overdose and poisoning, tremor, headache, depression, confusion, hallucinations, sweating, pruritus (itching), feeling lousy (malaise).

**Very rare (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people):**
hepatotoxicity (damage caused to the liver), thrombocytopenia (reduction in blood platelets, which increases the risk of bleeding or bruising), leucopenia (frequent infections due to poorly functioning white blood cells or decrease in white blood cells), neutropenia (reduced neutrophil count in blood), agranulocytosis (severe decrease in white blood cells which may lead to severe infections), hemolytic anemia (abnormal breakdown of red blood cells, which may cause weakness or pale skin), hypoglycemia (low levels of glucose in the blood), cloudy urine and kidney disorders.

Other adverse reactions of paracetamol whose frequency cannot be estimated from available data are: anaemia (decrease in red blood cells), problems with the way your kidneys work (kidney alteration), problems with the way your liver works (liver alteration), haematuria (blood in urine), anuresis (inability to urinate), gastrointestinal effects, vertigo. There have been cases of difficulty breathing, wheezing, coughing, and shortness of breath with paracetamol, but these are more likely in asthmatics sensitive to aspirin or other NSAIDs such as ibuprofen.

If any of the side effects gets serious or if you notice any side effects not listed in this leaflet, please tell your doctor or pharmacist.

**Reporting of side effects**
If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at: [www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard](http://www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard)

By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

### 5. How to store Paracetamol Effervescent Tablets

- Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.
- Do not use Paracetamol Effervescent Tablets after expiry date which is stated on the label, blister and carton after EXP. The expiry date refers to last day of that month.
- Store below 30°C. Keep the polypropylene tube tightly closed. Store in the original container to protect from moisture and light.
- Do not use this medicine if you notice visible signs of deterioration, like brown or black spots on the tablets, bulging of tablets or discoloration of the tablets.
- Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to dispose of medicines no longer required. These measures will help to protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Paracetamol Effervescent Tablets contains:
The active substance is Paracetamol. Each effervescent tablet contains 500 mg of Paracetamol.

The other ingredients are:
Anhydrous citric acid, Sodium hydrogen carbonate, Sorbitol E420, Sodium carbonate anhydrous, Povidone K25 (E1201), Simethicone, Saccharin sodium, Lemon flavour (containing maize maltodextrin, acacia gum (E 414), alpha-tocopherol (E 307), Macrogol 6000

What Paracetamol Effervescent Tablets looks like and content of the pack:
Paracetamol 500 mg Effervescent Tablets are white to off white round, flat, beveled edged plain on both sides.

Polypropylene tube pack: Paracetamol 500 mg Effervescent Tablets are packed in white opaque plain polypropylene tube and white opaque tamper evident polyethylene cap with inbuilt desiccant containing 24 tablets, 20 tablets, 10 tablets or 8 tablets.

Pack size: 60 (3 x 20) tablets per carton, 20 (1 x 20) tablets per carton, 10 (1 x 10) tablets per carton, 16 (2 x 8) tablets per carton, 30 (3 x 10) tablets per carton, 24 (3 x 8) tablets per carton, 100 (5 x 20) tablets per carton and 24(1x24) tablets per carton.

Pack size(s) for tube pack: 20 tablets in a tube, 10 tablets in a tube

Alu-Alu strip pack: The strip packs are made of aluminium- aluminium foils

Pack Size:
10 tablets per carton
16 tablets per carton
20 tablets per carton
24 tablets per carton
30 tablets per carton
60 tablets per carton
100 tablets per carton

‘Not all pack sizes may be marketed’.

**CAUTION for tube pack:** Cap contains desiccant. Do not eat.

**Marketing Authorisation Holder & Manufacturer:**

Accord Healthcare Limited, Sage House, 319 Pinner Road, North Harrow, Middlesex, HA1 4HF, U.K.

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